



CITY COUNCIL MEETING MINUTES

Vancouver City Hall | Council Chambers | 415 W. 6th St.
PO Box 1995 | Vancouver, WA 98668-1995
www.cityofvancouver.us

Anne McEnery-Ogle, Mayor

Bart Hansen • Ty Stober • Erik Paulsen • Sarah J. Fox • Diana H. Perez • Kim D. Harless

January 23, 2023

WORKSHOPS

Vancouver City Hall - Council Chambers - 415 W 6th Street, Vancouver WA

Workshops were conducted in person in the Council Chambers of City Hall. Members of the public were invited to view the meeting in person, via the live broadcast on www.cvtv.org and CVTV cable channels 23 or HD 323, or on the City's Facebook page, or www.facebook.com/VancouverUS.

View the CVTV video recording, including presentations and discussion, for workshops at:

https://www.cvtv.org/vid_link/35321?startStreamAt=0&stopStreamAt=6518

4:00-5:00 p.m. Moratorium for Warehouse and Distribution Centers

Bryan Snodgrass, Principal Planner, 360-487-7946; Chad Eiken, Community Development Director, 360-487-7882

Summary

Staff led Council through a discussion of the Moratorium for Warehouse and Distribution Centers.

5:00-6:00 p.m. Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

Alicia Sojourner, Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion, 360-487-8618

Summary

Staff led Council through a discussion of the Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Update.

COUNCIL DINNER/ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATES

REGULAR COUNCIL MEETING

This meeting was conducted as a hybrid meeting with in person and remote viewing and participation over video conference utilizing a GoToMeeting platform. Members of the public were invited to view the meeting in person, via the live broadcast on www.cvtv.org and CVTV cable channels 23 or HD 323, or on the City's Facebook page, www.facebook.com/VancouverUS. Public access and testimony on Consent Agenda items and under the Community Forum were also facilitated in person and via the GoToMeeting conference call.

Vancouver City Council meeting minutes are a record of the action taken by Council. To view the CVTV video recording, including presentations, testimony and discussion, for this meeting please visit:

https://www.cvtv.org/vid_link/35323?startStreamAt=0&stopStreamAt=5921

Electronic audio recording of City Council meetings are kept on file in the office of the City Clerk for a period of six years.

Pledge of Allegiance

Call to Order and Roll Call

The regular meeting of the Vancouver City Council was called to order at 6:30 p.m. by Mayor McEnerny-Ogle. This meeting was conducted as a hybrid meeting, including both in person and remotely over video conference.

Present: Councilmembers Harless, Perez, Fox, Paulsen, Stober, Hansen, and Mayor McEnerny-Ogle

Absent: None

Approval of Minutes

Minutes - January 9, 2023

Motion by Councilmember Hansen, seconded by Councilmember Stober, and carried unanimously to approve the meeting minutes of January 9, 2023.

Community Communications

Mayor McEnerny-Ogle opened Community Communication and received testimony from the following community members regarding any matter on the agenda not scheduled for a Public Hearing:

- Dmitri Stoyanoff, Vancouver
- Kimberlee Goheen, La Center, WA

There being no further testimony, Mayor McEnerny-Ogle closed Community Communication.

This is the place on the agenda where the public is invited to speak to Council regarding any matter on the Agenda not already scheduled for Public Hearing. (Separate instructions are provided for offering testimony on Public Hearing when applicable.) Members of the public addressing Council are requested to give their name and city of residence for the audio record. Speakers are to limit their testimony to a total of three minutes for all items discussed.

Consent Agenda (Items 1-7)

Council requested Items 2, 5 and 6 be pulled for discussion.

Council discussed the Items with staff.

Council agreed to remand Item 6 back to staff and pulled it from the Consent Agenda.

Motion by Councilmember Stober, seconded by Councilmember Fox, and carried unanimously to approve Items 1-5 and 7 on the Consent Agenda.

1. **Construction Acceptance - Pinebrook Force Main Re-Route**

Staff Report: 009-23

Clearwater Contracting of Nampa, ID, has completed construction of the Pinebrook Force Main project. The project installed 1,368 linear feet of 6-inch force main, as well as abandoning over 4,200 linear feet of existing force main. The existing force main was aging and requiring an increasing

amount of repairs that were often in easements within backyards. The new force main was constructed within the public right-of-way.

The work was completed satisfactorily in accordance with the plans and specifications. Contract costs are summarized below:

<i>TOTAL CONTRACT COSTS</i>	
<i>Labor, Equipment and Material</i>	<i>\$246,728.21</i>
<i>Sales Tax</i>	<i>\$20,971.11</i>
<i>Total</i>	<i>\$267,700.11</i>
<i>Retainage</i>	<i>\$12,336.41</i>

The original contract amount, including sales tax, was \$310,376.65. The final project cost was \$267,700.11, which was \$42,676.54 (under 14%) less than the original contracted amount. The difference is attributed to the typical variances in unit prices and/or quantities commonly encountered during construction. This project was below the threshold for the apprenticeship program, therefore there was no apprenticeship utilization goal required.

Request: On January 23, 2023, accept the facilities as constructed by Clearwater Contracting of Nampa, Idaho, and authorize release of the retainage subject to receipt of all documentation required by law.

Sheryl Hale, Senior Civil Engineer, 360-487-7151

Motion approved the request.

2. Ammunition Purchase for Vancouver Police Department

Staff Report: 010-23

The City purchases ammunition through San Diego Police Equipment under Washington State Contract #02616. Purchases are expected to exceed the current \$300,000 threshold, requiring Council approval. Council reviewed and approved Staff Report 042-22 in April 2022 and raised the threshold to \$1,178,121. The contract was fully liquidated at the end of December 2022. Raising the threshold to add a maximum of \$478,121 for the next year, ending December 31, 2023, will enable Vancouver Police Department to continue to purchase ammunition in a quick manner while taking advantage of the Washington State Contract's competitive pricing.

Request: Authorize the City Manager or their designee to continue to purchase ammunition from San Diego Police Equipment of San Diego, CA, under Washington State Contract #02616, up to a maximum of \$478,121 through December 31, 2023.

Jeff Mori, Chief of Police, 360-487-7472

Motion approved the request.

3. WSDOT Bridge Inspection Agreement

Staff Report: 011-23

The City of Vancouver owns and maintains 18 bridges throughout our transportation network. These bridges span waterways, railroads, open spaces and streets. This includes three bridges consisting of the Fruit Valley Road Bridge that spans the BNSF mainline and the twin Fourth Plain Boulevard Bridges that span the BNSF Vancouver rail yard.

Due to the age and condition of these bridges and pursuant to State and Federal requirements, the City is required to complete inspections of these three bridges at a minimum of every 24 months.

Because these bridges span an active railway zone, inspections must be completed from the bridge itself using a vehicle designed specifically for this purpose. An Under Bridge Inspection Truck (UBIT) is capable of parking on the bridge and extending a platform to the underside of the structure to allow for inspections. The UBIT vehicle is unique and is only a select number of agencies in the Pacific Northwest own these specialized vehicles. The Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT) owns several UBIT vehicles and provides inspection services to a handful of local agencies including the City of Vancouver. Furthermore, they offer this service at a competitive fee with ample flexibility in the scheduling of the inspection work.

The attached agreement represents the terms and conditions under which WSDOT will continue to provide this inspection service through the end of 2032.

Request: Authorize the City Manager or their designee to execute the Bridge Inspection Agreement with WSDOT on behalf of the City of Vancouver.

Ryan Lopossa, Streets and Transportation Manager, 360-487-7706

Motion approved the request.

4. Ratification of the Collective Bargaining Agreement for Vancouver Fire Command Officers

Staff Report: 012-23

The labor agreement between the City and the IAFF Local 4378 bargaining unit expired on December 31, 2022. The parties were able to work through a collaborative process and consensual decision making on many of the provisions for a new three-year agreement. The new labor agreement was recently ratified by the IAFF Local 4378 members and is being brought to

Council for approval.

Request: On January 23, 2023, authorize the City Manager or their designee to sign the 2023-2025 Collective Bargaining Agreement with IAFF Local 4378.

Lisa Takach, Human Resources Director, 360-487-8611

Motion approved the request.

5. Lodging Tax Grants 2023

Staff Report: 013-23

A RESOLUTION relating to the award of lodging tax grant funds for 2023 as recommend by the City Council appointed Lodging Tax Advisory Committee.

RCW 67.28.180 allows municipalities to impose a 4% lodging tax on stays of less than 30 days at hotels, motels, campgrounds, bed and breakfasts and RV parks. Those funds can only be used for tourism-related projects, events and facilities. Vancouver increased its lodging tax from 2% to 4% in 1998 with the second 2% dedicated to debt service and capital improvements for the downtown Hotel/Convention Center. The original 2% continued to be used to fund other tourism related projects. One of the impacts of the recession was that from 2009-2016, all of Vancouver's lodging tax funds were allocated to support the Hotel/Convention Center.

For 2023, the City has \$125,000 in lodging tax revenue that is excess to the needs of the Hotel/Convention Center and is available for other tourism-related projects. The RCW requires that in order to expend lodging tax funds, the City's Lodging Tax Advisory Committee, comprising equal numbers of lodging tax generators and potential lodging tax recipients, must review and recommend proposed expenditures to the City Council. In October and November 2022, the City solicited lodging tax grant proposals from interested parties. Ten proposals were received totaling \$285,000. The Lodging Tax Advisory Committee reviewed the proposals and, as set forth in Exhibit A, is recommending full or partial funding of all ten, which totals \$125,000.

Per state regulations, the City Council only may approve awards to candidates recommended by the Lodging Tax Advisory Committee and only at the amount recommended unless Council submits its change in the amount to the LTAC for comment. All approved grant recipients must enter into a professional services agreement with the City.

Request: On January 23, 2023, adopt a resolution approving the 2023 Lodging Tax Grants as recommended by the Lodging Tax Advisory Committee and authorizing the City Manager or their designee to execute professional services agreements with the grant recipients.

Teresa Brum, Deputy Economic Development Director, 360-487-7949

Motion adopted Resolution M-4205 to approve the request.

6. Title 17 Building Code Ordinance Changes

Staff Report: 014-23

AN ORDINANCE relating to the updating of VMC Title 17 to align the permit deadlines with impact fee deadlines, to update the permit application process to an electronic format, update the inspection scheduling process, to allow for remote inspections at the discretion of the Building Official, adjust the minimum fee refund amount, to clarify violations for the purpose of enforcement, and general cleanup of repetitive sections; providing for savings, severability and an effective date.

The Community Development Department, which includes the building plan review, inspection and code compliance divisions, is responsible for administration and enforcement of the building codes ordinance. The "building official" for the city provides direct day to day management and oversight of the enforcement and administration of city building codes and ordinances codified in VMC Title 17, as well as for construction permits under Section 105 of the International Fire Code (IFC), adopted in VMC Chapter 16.04.

To advise the City Council regarding the technical codes and methods contained in VMC Title 16 and 17, and to provide for reasonable interpretations of the adopted technical codes, the City established the Building and Fire Codes Commission (BFCC). One of the primary duties of the BFCC is to review and make recommendations to the council prior to its action on all proposed new codes and proposed changes to existing construction codes and regulations relating to building and fire. The recommended changes to title 17 have been reviewed by the BFCC and forwarded with a recommendation for adoption.

SUMMARY OF THE PROPOSALS

The focus of the proposed updates is to address some minor cleanup items and to capture a few larger and substantive items which help align VMC 17.08 with other sections of the VMC. The following is a summary of the proposed changes:

- *Update to the permit application process - from paper to electronic*
- *Update to the permit application deadline from 180 days to 1 year, which aligns permit application processing timelines with the requirements of VMC 20.915.020 Impact Fees*
- *Update to the plan review and inspection processes- to cover*

electronic plan review and remote inspections

- *Update to the inspection scheduling language to allow a 3-day window to complete the inspections upon inspection request*
- *Update to allow remote inspections to be performed at the discretion of the building official*
- *Requires property owners and contractors responsible for completing the permit process (in addition to the permit holder)*
- *Adjust the minimum fee refund amount to \$222 unless fees were applied/collected in error by the City*
- *To clarify violations for the purposes of enforcement*
- *General housekeeping items: Deletion of repetitive and redundant sections.*

On October 6, 2022 the BFCC reviewed the proposed changes and unanimously recommended approval.

After the October 6 BFCC meeting, staff discovered a minor clarification that was needed for VMC 17.32.040 Unfit buildings, dwellings and structures defined. The clarification highlighted below would make it clear that each itemized defect listed in this chapter will be considered a distinct code violation for the purpose of enforcement actions under VMC Title 22.

- *For the purposes of this chapter, any dwelling, building or structure which has any or all of the conditions or defects described in this section shall be deemed to be an unfit dwelling, building or structure, provided that such conditions or defects exist to the extent that the life, health, property or safety of the public is endangered: Each itemized defect listed in this chapter is considered a distinct code violation for the purpose of enforcement actions under VMC Title 22.*

Request: On January 23, 2023 approve the Ordinance on first reading, setting the date of second reading and public hearing for February 6, 2023.

Jason Nortz, Development Review Division Manager, 360-487-7844

Pulled from the agenda by Council and sent back to staff to return at a later Council meeting.

7. Approval of Claim Vouchers

Request: Approve claim vouchers for January 9, 2023.

Motion approved claim vouchers in the amount of \$11,931,156.73.

Public Hearings (Items 8-10)

8. **62nd Street Apartments Corner Rezone**

Staff Report: 004-23

AN ORDINANCE relating to zoning for the City of Vancouver and Vancouver Municipal Code (VMC) Title 20; amending the Vancouver Zoning map designation for a portion of property at 6115 NE 72nd Avenue, tax lot 105120000; providing for severability; and providing for an effective date.

City Council approved the same zone change from R-18 to R-22 on the directly abutting larger portion of the lot in 2021, but did not include the corner property, which was, at that time, a separate lot outside of the applicant's control. No persons testified at the Council hearing for the prior rezone request.

The applicant was later able to reach agreement with the corner property owner to acquire the lot and combine it with the larger property. The applicant subsequently received site plan approval for a 76-unit apartment complex covering the full property (see page 16 herein).

If the rezone is approved, the applicant indicates they will seek a revision of the approved site plan to increase the total to 78 units. No changes to approved building footprints in the site plan are proposed by the applicant.

The Planning Commission unanimously recommended approval of the corner rezone at a December 13 public hearing at which there was no public testimony or commission questions. The Commission found it met rezone approval criteria of increased consistency with the Comprehensive and Strategic Plans by providing for additional housing options in an appropriate area at densities likely to increase housing options. The onset of the affordable housing crisis and the 2021 rezone of the larger remainder portion of the property represented changes in circumstances since the original zoning was established on the corner site.

Request: On January 23, 2023, subject to second reading and a public hearing, adopt the ordinance.

Bryan Snodgrass, Principal Planner, 360-487-7946

Mayor McEnerny-Ogle read the title of the Ordinance into the record.

Mayor McEnerny-Ogle opened the Quasi-Judicial Hearing for the 62nd Street Apartments Corner Rezone.

Jonathan Young, City Attorney, provided an overview of the hearing and explained the guidelines of conducting the hearing invoking the Appearance of Fairness Doctrine. Mr. Young stated the Council would be asked to disclose any ex parte communication or other Appearance of Fairness issues

pertaining to the matter.

Mr. Young then asked each member of the Council to disclose any direct or indirect financial benefit they could derive from the decision and determined there were no messages requiring disclosure.

All of the Councilmembers reported nothing to disclose.

Bryan Snodgrass, Principal Planner, provided an overview of the 62nd Street Apartments Corner Rezone. Time was provided to the applicant and their representative.

Mayor McEnerny-Ogle opened the public testimony and received testimony from the following community members:

- Jayson Taylor, PLS Engineering, Vancouver (Applicant's Representative)
- Kimberlee Elbon, La Center, WA

There being no further testimony, Mayor McEnerny-Ogle closed the public testimony.

Motion by Councilmember Fox, seconded by Councilmember Stober, and carried unanimously to approve Ordinance M-4403.

9. **Ordinance amending Section VMC 19.08.030 to discontinue issuance of long-term no-charge street parking permits**

Staff Report: 005-23

AN ORDINANCE relating to the issuance of on street parking permits for residents living in Zones 1, 1A, 2 or 3; providing for savings, severability and an effective date.

The Vancouver Municipal Code (VMC) includes a provision that allows for residents of select downtown parking zones without access to a garage or driveway to receive long-term parking permit at no charge to park downtown. Specifically, VMC 19.08.030 states:

“Anyone who establishes that he or she resides in Zones 1, 1A, 2 or 3 and has no garage or driveway shall be issued a long-term permit for no charge for each vehicle registered in his or her name and then can park such vehicle while such permit is properly displayed at any legal parking space in Zone 3 which is marked for parking by permit only.”

The City has issued 44 permits for 14 properties under this provision. These properties are primarily older buildings without any onsite parking for either retail tenants or residents.

In recent years, downtown Vancouver has experienced a surge in the construction of new multifamily residential buildings that include parking typically at a rate of 1 space per residential unit. Households with more than one vehicle must find alternate parking for any additional vehicles. This dynamic has created more demand for on-street parking downtown, and some new residents are now interpreting this code provision to mean that the City must provide free on-street parking permits to any resident who does not have sufficient parking within their own development. This interpretation could be used to justify free parking for any development downtown that fails to meet the parking needs of all of its residents.

- In addition to changes in demand for parking due to new residential construction, the City's priorities have changed significantly since this provision was enacted in the code: In December 2022, City Council adopted a Climate Action Framework that includes strategies to shift driving trips to clean, active modes of transportation and implementation parking demand management across Vancouver.*
- The City is planning an update to the Downtown Parking Plan in 2023 that will emphasize more intentional management of existing supply and use of market pricing of on-street and off-street parking to encourage more efficient use of parking and transition to alternative modes of transportation.*
- The current code provision is not informed by the City's priorities around equity and inclusion. While some form of reduced parking fee may be appropriate to achieve equitable access to parking, the current policy is tied to a physical location rather than the needs of particular residents. The adoption of a new parking plan will allow the City to explore and implement best practices related equitable access to parking.*

Parking Advisory Committee discussed issues with this part of VMC at the October 2022 meeting and agreed with the need to update code to eliminate confusion about the policy for issuing long-term parking permits.

The proposed change to this code provision will allow existing permit holders to retain their no-charge permits as long as they live at their current address. In addition, permit holders will not be allowed to apply for additional permits and will not be able to transfer existing permits to other individuals. Upon approval by Council, the change to this ordinance would go into effect immediately.

Request: On Monday, January 23, 2023, subject to second reading and a public hearing, adopt the ordinance.

Patrick Quinton, Economic Development Director, 360-487-7845

Mayor McEnerny-Ogle read the title of the Ordinance into the record.

Patrick Quinton, Economic Development Director, provided an overview of the Ordinance Amending Section VMC 19.08.030.

Mayor McEnerny-Ogle opened the public hearing and received testimony from the following community members:

- Kimberlee Goheen, La Center, WA

There being no further testimony, Mayor McEnerny-Ogle closed the public hearing.

Motion by Councilmember Hansen, seconded by Councilmember Perez, and carried unanimously to approve Ordinance M-4404.

10. **Broadstone (BLK 19) MFTE Certificate**

Staff Report: 007-23

A RESOLUTION of the City Council of the City of Vancouver approving a Multi-Family Housing Limited Property Tax Exemption with Vancouver Waterfront Block 19 Owner LLC (“Applicant”) and any successors in interest or assigns, and the CITY OF VANCOUVER, a Washington municipal corporation (“City”) for an 8-year Multi-Family Housing Limited Property Tax Exemption for the property located at 1110 W. Columbia Way, Vancouver, WA, 98660 (Tax Lot 986052349) as specifically described in Exhibit A.

The project is located at 1110 W. Columbia Way, block 19 on the Vancouver waterfront. The applicant is requesting a Multi-Family Housing Limited Property Tax Exemption for a seven-story, 180-unit apartment building with 183 associated surface parking spaces. The proposed development will include studio, 1-bedroom, and two-bedroom units. The total estimated development cost is \$74 million.

The applicant is requesting an 8-year exemption where 36 units (20% of the total units) will be reserved for households earning 100% of area median family income or less. The HUD 100% area family median income in the Portland/Vancouver MSA for a 2-person household is \$85,200. Limiting that income amount to 30% for housing costs, the estimated maximum monthly affordable rent would be \$1,864 for a studio, \$1,966 for a 1-bedroom unit, and 2,396 for a 2-bedroom unit.

Over 20 years (with the exemption) the project is estimated to generate \$17.65 million in taxes benefitting all taxing districts (ports, county, city, etc.) including \$3.27 million specifically generated for the City of Vancouver. Potentially foregone revenue during the exemption is estimated at \$2.7 million for all taxing districts and \$909,000 specifically for Vancouver. The

development will still generate construction sales tax revenue and utility tax revenue during the exemption period.

Although the project does not fall under the City Council interim climate action policy as there is no negotiated development agreement with this project, the applicant noted that the project is seeking a Green Globes building certification. EV infrastructure availability will be installed on 20% of the stalls (36 stalls), with charging stations installed on an additional 18 stalls in the lot. The apartment units will be all electric. Natural gas will be used for overall building water heating and small communal fire pits. The building air handling units will have high quality air filters. The project roof, paving, and walls will have solar reflective coatings to meet Green Globes standards. Lighting controls will have occupancy shut off sensors to aid in reduction energy use.

Based on direction from Council at their January 9 meeting, the approval documents have been updated to incorporate the requirement to designate the income-based unit types with the same percentage as the overall project unit type distribution of the whole building.

The property must have the following mix of income-based units at all times during the exemption period:

- *9 studio units (20% of studio units)*
- *22 1-bedroom units (20% of 1-bedroom units)*
- *5 2-bedroom units (20% of 2-bedroom units)*

In addition, the property owner will include information about the availability of designated income-based units in any advertising or marketing for the property.

Request: On January 23, 2023, following a public hearing, adopt a resolution authorizing the City Manager or designee to execute a multi-family housing limited property tax exemption certificate and take any and all action necessary to enforce the terms thereof.

Bryan Monroe, Associate Planner, 360-487-7958

Bryan Monroe, Associate Planner, provided an overview of the Broadstone MFTE Certificate.

Mayor McEnerny-Ogle opened the public hearing and received testimony from the following community members:

- David Armesy, Vancouver
- Kimberlee Goheen, La Center, WA

There being no further testimony, Mayor McEnerny-Ogle closed the public hearing.

Motion by Councilmember Paulsen, seconded by Councilmember Stoher, and carried unanimously to approve Resolution M-4206.

Communications

A. From the Council

B. From the Mayor

C. From the City Manager

Legislative Agenda

Aaron Lande, Program and Policy Development Manager, discussed the Legislative Agenda with Council.

Adjournment

8:07 p.m.

DocuSigned by:
Anne McEnerny-Ogle
6C69D9089EC5424...
Anne McEnerny-Ogle, Mayor

Attest:

DocuSigned by:
Natasha Ramras
B0CF6734E40E94AE...
Natasha Ramras, City Clerk

The written comments below are those of the submitter alone and are not representative of the views of CVTV or the City of Vancouver, its elected or appointed officials, or its employees.

From: [Wynn Grcich](#)
To: [Dollar, Sarah](#); [Rebecca Messinger](#); electmichellebelkot@gmail.com
Subject: Fwd: WHO Plotting Global Totalitarian Medical State + Cardiologist 'Truthbombs' BBC + More
Date: Saturday, January 14, 2023 2:28:55 AM

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Children's Health Defense** <[REDACTED]>
Date: Fri, Jan 13, 2023 at 2:34 PM
Subject: WHO Plotting Global Totalitarian Medical State + Cardiologist 'Truthbombs' BBC + More
To: Wynn Grcich <[REDACTED]>
Send this to the councils and Melneck, Put on public record, Please and confirm that you did. especialy <https://childrenshealthdefense.org/defender/who-proposals-sovereignty-totalitarian-state/?eType=EmailBlastContent&eId=1c125d41-8bbf-4867-bd12-9d8150fe6d98>

Having trouble viewing this email? [View it in your web browser](#)

January 13, 2023

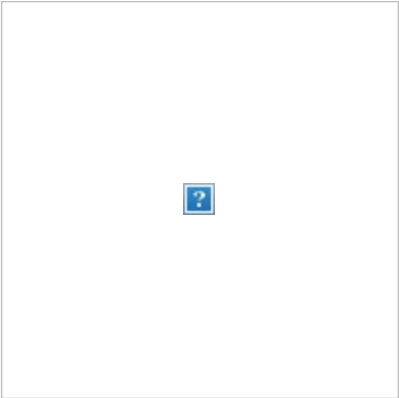
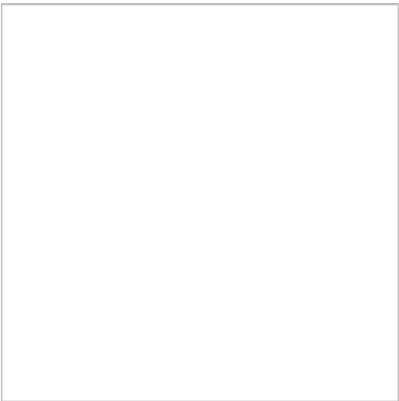


TOP NEWS OF THE DAY

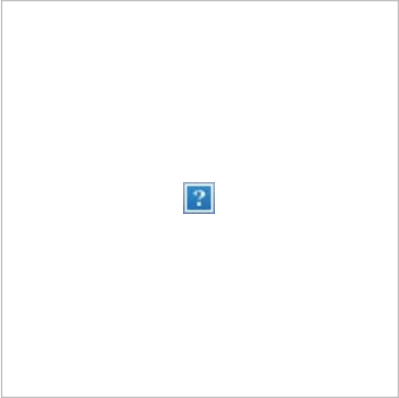


Exclusive: WHO Proposals Could Strip Nations of Their Sovereignty, Create Worldwide Totalitarian State, Expert Warns

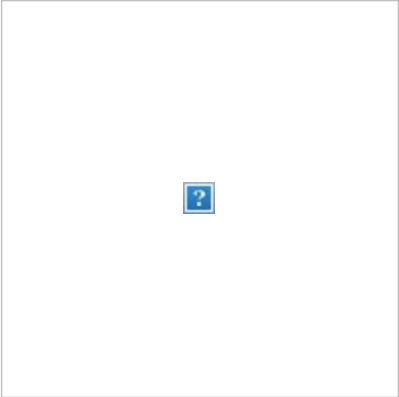
Prominent Cardiologist 'Truthbombs' Live BBC Broadcast, Calls for Suspension of mRNA Vaccines



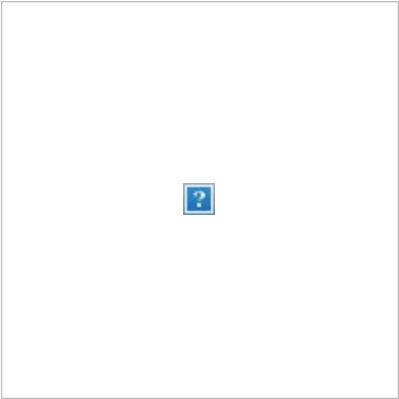
How Big Pharma Benefits From Our Industrial Food Diet



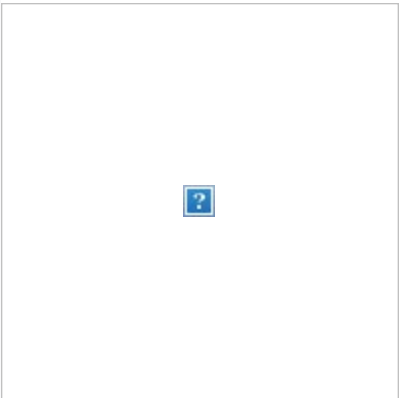
‘Airtight Evidence’ Exxon Knew for Decades How Much Damage Its Product Caused



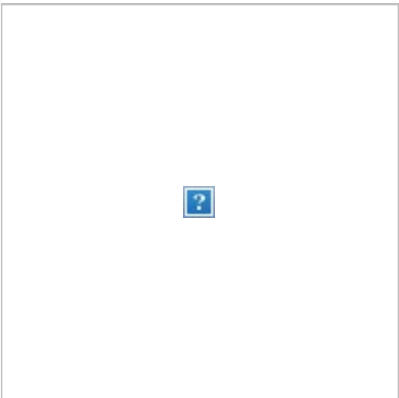
Mass Surveillance Technologies Put in Place During Pandemic Aren’t Going Away



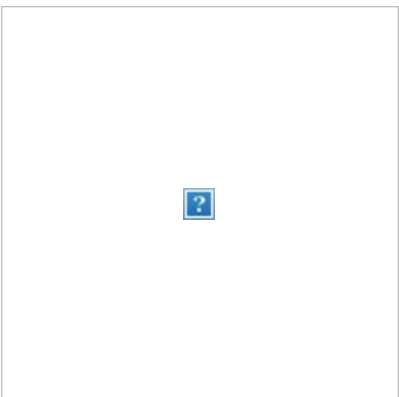
Fake Meat Produced by Genetically Engineered Fruit Flies?



Spend the Day With RFK, Jr. and Learn the Art of Falconry



Martha Stewart Stars in a ‘Kill COVID’ Spot for Pfizer + More



Appeals Court Refuses to Reinstate Vaccine Mandate in 3 States + More

You Make It Possible

Children's Health Defense depends on generous donations from our community. Large or small, every donation gets us closer to achieving our goals.

[Listen to what RFK, Jr. has to say.](#)

[Become a Member](#) | [Donate Now](#)

[Work for CHD](#)



Children's Health Defense | ChildrensHealthDefense.org

Our mission is to end childhood health epidemics by working aggressively to eliminate harmful exposures, hold those responsible accountable, and establish safeguards to prevent future harm.

Children's Health Defense

852 Franklin Ave., Suite 511
Franklin Lakes, New Jersey 07417

[Contact us](#)

Want to change how many emails you receive?
You can [update your preferences](#) or unsubscribe below.

[Unsubscribe](#) or [Manage Your Preferences](#)

From: [Wynn Grcich](#)
To: [Dollar, Sarah](#); [Rebecca Messinger](#); electmichellebelkot@gmail.com
Subject: aggressive cancer after booster
Date: Friday, January 13, 2023 7:58:31 PM

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

<https://needtoknow.news/2023/01/top-cancer-expert-says-aggressive-cancers-are-appearing-after-vaccine-boosters/>

Put this on public record, give it to the council members and Melnick. Confirm that you did please. thanks Wynn

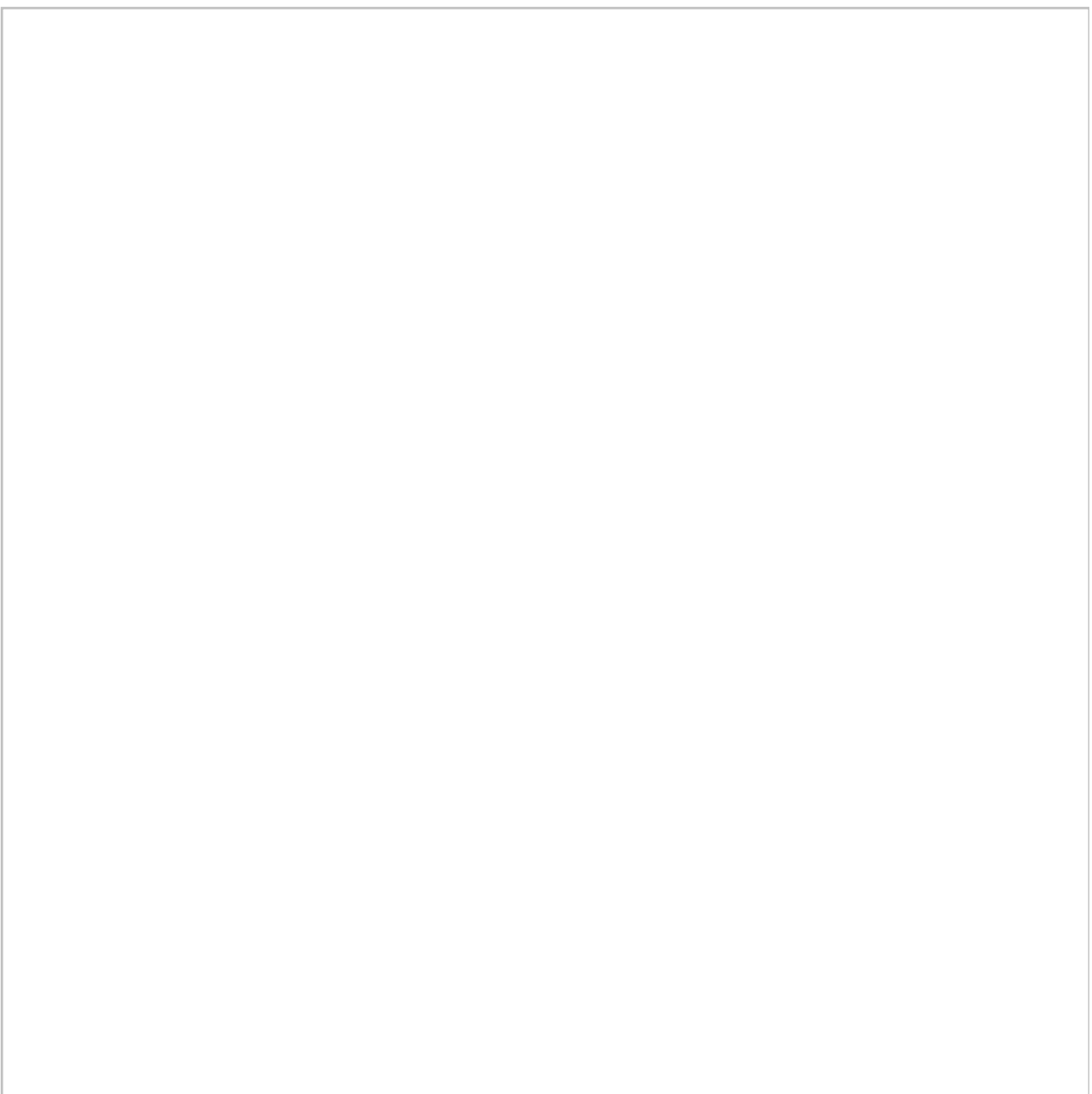
From: [Wynn Grich](#)
To: [Dollar, Sarah](#); [Rebecca Messinger](#); electmichellebelkot@gmail.com; [Harris, Rep. Paul](#)
Subject: Fwd: San Mateo County 2021 Tuberculosis Annual Report
Date: Friday, January 13, 2023 7:36:02 PM

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **San Mateo County** <[REDACTED]>
Date: Fri, Jan 13, 2023 at 5:27 PM
Subject: San Mateo County 2021 Tuberculosis Annual Report
To: [REDACTED] >

This is why you don't have sanctuary cities, who allow illegals to come with out being being vetted or having health checks. Please give to the council members and Melneck. put on public record, and confirm that you did. Some TBs are incurable. The TB from South America is a bioweapon. thanks from Wynn



Public Health and Healthcare Professionals,

Attached is the [2021 Tuberculosis Annual Report](#) for San Mateo County.

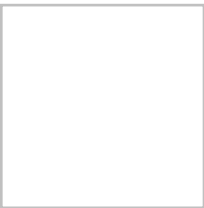
Thank you,

The San Mateo County Tuberculosis/Epidemiology Programs



Subscriber Services:

[Manage Preferences](#) | [Delete Profile](#) | [Help](#) | [County of San Mateo Website](#)



From: [Wynn Grcich](#)
To: [Dollar, Sarah](#); [Rebecca Messinger](#); electmichellebelkot@gmail.com; [Harris, Rep. Paul](#)
Subject: Fwd: 17,000 Doctors Sound The Alarm on COVID Vaccine Genocide
Date: Friday, January 13, 2023 10:29:36 AM

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Give the to the council members and MELNECK. Put on public record please. Confirm that you did. Thanks from Wynn

----- Forwarded message -----

From: rcoones102 <[REDACTED]>
Date: Fri, Jan 13, 2023, 7:23 AM
Subject: 17,000 Doctors Sound The Alarm on COVID Vaccine Genocide
To:

17,000 Doctors Sound The Alarm on COVID Vaccine Genocide

<https://rumble.com/v230rmk-17000-doctors-sound-the-alarm-on-covid-vaccine-genocide.html>

17,000 Scientists and Physicians warn that the COVID (Vaccines) Experimental Genetic Therapy Injections Must End.

They cause far more harm than good. Vaccinated more at risk of disease and death. It damages the heart, brain, reproduction, lungs and immune system.

Sent with [Proton Mail](#) secure email.

From: [Wynn Grcich](#)
To: [Dollar, Sarah](#); [Rebecca Messinger](#); electmichellebelkot@gmail.com; [Harris, Rep. Paul](#)
Subject: Fwd: Thousands of 'Tylenol lawsuits' in the Pipeline + 'Shameful' Silence of Liberal Institutions + More
Date: Wednesday, January 11, 2023 2:36:27 PM

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

----- Forwarded message -----

Send this to the city councils members and Melneck. Put all articles on public record and Please confirm that you did.

Thanks

Wynn

From: Wynn Grcich <[REDACTED]>

Date: Wed, Jan 11, 2023 at 2:31 PM

Subject: Fwd: Thousands of 'Tylenol lawsuits' in the Pipeline + 'Shameful' Silence of Liberal Institutions + More

To: Daniel A Cox [REDACTED]

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Children's Health Defense [REDACTED] >

Date: Wed, Jan 11, 2023 at 2:14 PM

Subject: Thousands of 'Tylenol lawsuits' in the Pipeline + 'Shameful' Silence of Liberal Institutions + More

To: Wynn Grcich [REDACTED] >

Having trouble viewing this email? [View it in your web browser](#)

January 11, 2023



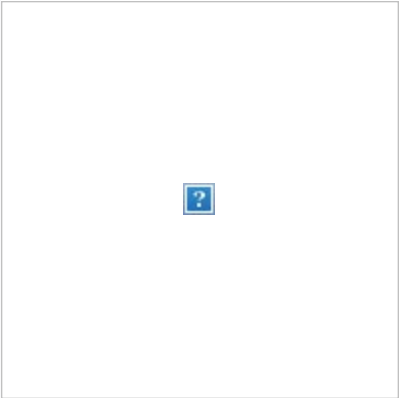
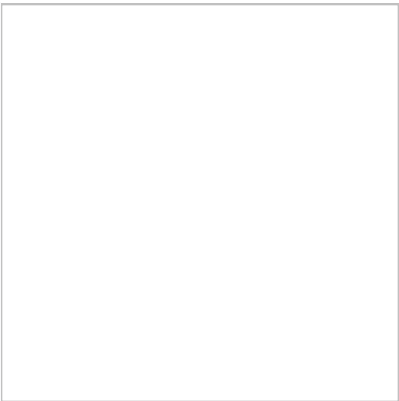


TOP NEWS OF THE DAY

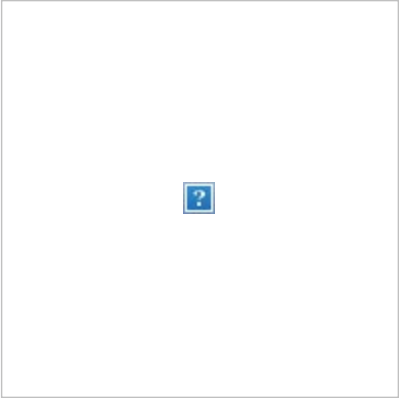


**Hundreds of 'Tylenol Lawsuits' Allege
Retailers, Manufacturers Knew
Acetaminophen During Pregnancy Could
Cause Autism, ADHD**

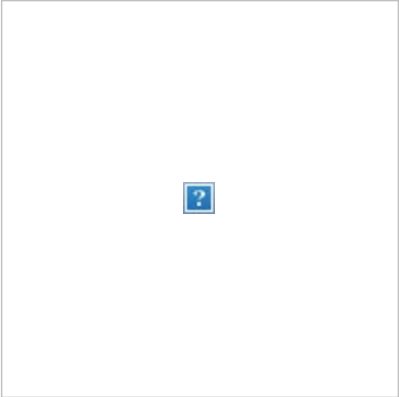
**CHD Plans Lawsuit After Los Angeles
County Approves Fast-Tracking of
Wireless Towers**



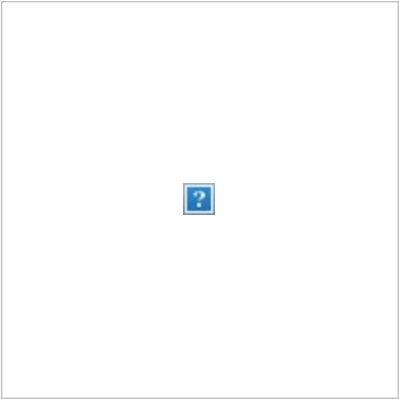
The Shameful Silence of American Liberal Institutions



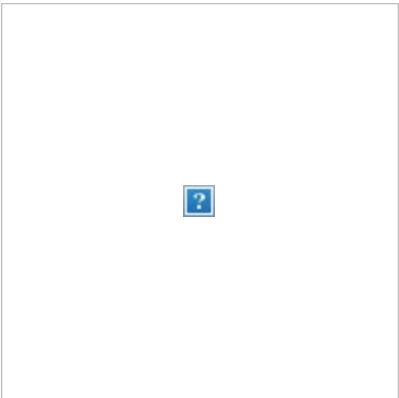
7 Facts Fauci Knew But Hid From the Public



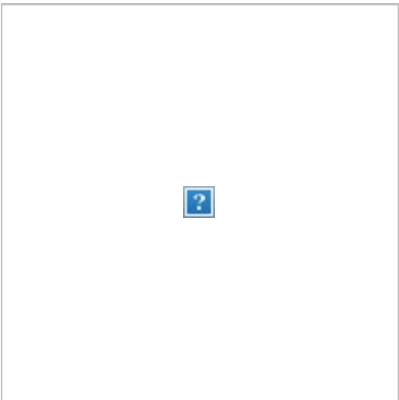
Americans Lost 3 Years of Life Expectancy During COVID Pandemic



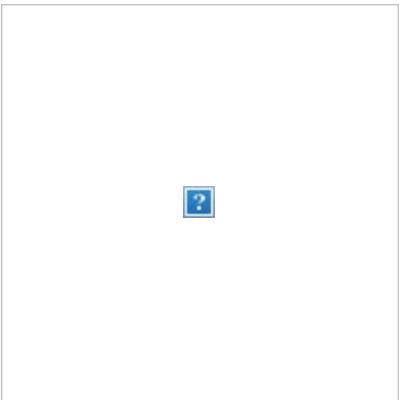
Anti-Vaccine Activism Deadlier Than Terrorism? + More School Mask Mandates: ‘This Week’ With Mary + Polly



Spend the Day With RFK, Jr. and Learn the Art of Falconry



Sanders Tells Moderna Planned COVID Vaccine Price Hike Is ‘Unacceptable Corporate Greed’ + More



Pentagon Formally Rescinds COVID Vaccine Mandate for Troops + More

You Make It Possible

Children's Health Defense depends on generous donations from our community. Large or small, every donation gets us closer to achieving our goals.

[Listen to what RFK, Jr. has to say.](#)

[Become a Member](#) | [Donate Now](#)

[Work for CHD](#)



Children's Health Defense | ChildrensHealthDefense.org

Our mission is to end childhood health epidemics by working aggressively to eliminate harmful exposures, hold those responsible accountable, and establish safeguards to prevent future harm.

Children's Health Defense

852 Franklin Ave., Suite 511
Franklin Lakes, New Jersey 07417

[Contact us](#)

Want to change how many emails you receive?
You can [update your preferences](#) or unsubscribe below.

[Unsubscribe](#) or [Manage Your Preferences](#)

From: [Delapena, Amanda](#)
To: [Dollar, Sarah](#)
Subject: FW: TSP workshop CORRECTION
Date: Wednesday, January 11, 2023 11:39:09 AM

Hi Sarah

Please add this to the written comments for Jan. 9.

Amanda Delapena

From: Peter L. Fels [REDACTED]
Sent: Monday, January 9, 2023 12:17 PM
To: City Council <council@cityofvancouver.us>; City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager <CMO@cityofvancouver.us>
Cc: alliance-for-community-engagement@googlegroups.com; Small, Rebecca <Rebecca.Small@cityofvancouver.us>; Kennedy, Rebecca <Rebecca.Kennedy@cityofvancouver.us>
Subject: TSP workshop CORRECTION

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Councilors:

Please note, in my comments to you this morning the sentence regarding G5 should have read

“In other words, downtown parking should have easy access to transit.”

Thank you,

Peter Fels

Sent from my iPad

From: [Wynn Grcich](#)
To: [Dollar, Sarah](#); [Rebecca Messinger](#); electmichellebelkot@gmail.com
Subject: Fwd: BREAKING: RFK, Jr., CHD + Others File Landmark Lawsuit Against Legacy Media for Censoring COVID-Related Content
Date: Tuesday, January 10, 2023 11:36:11 PM

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

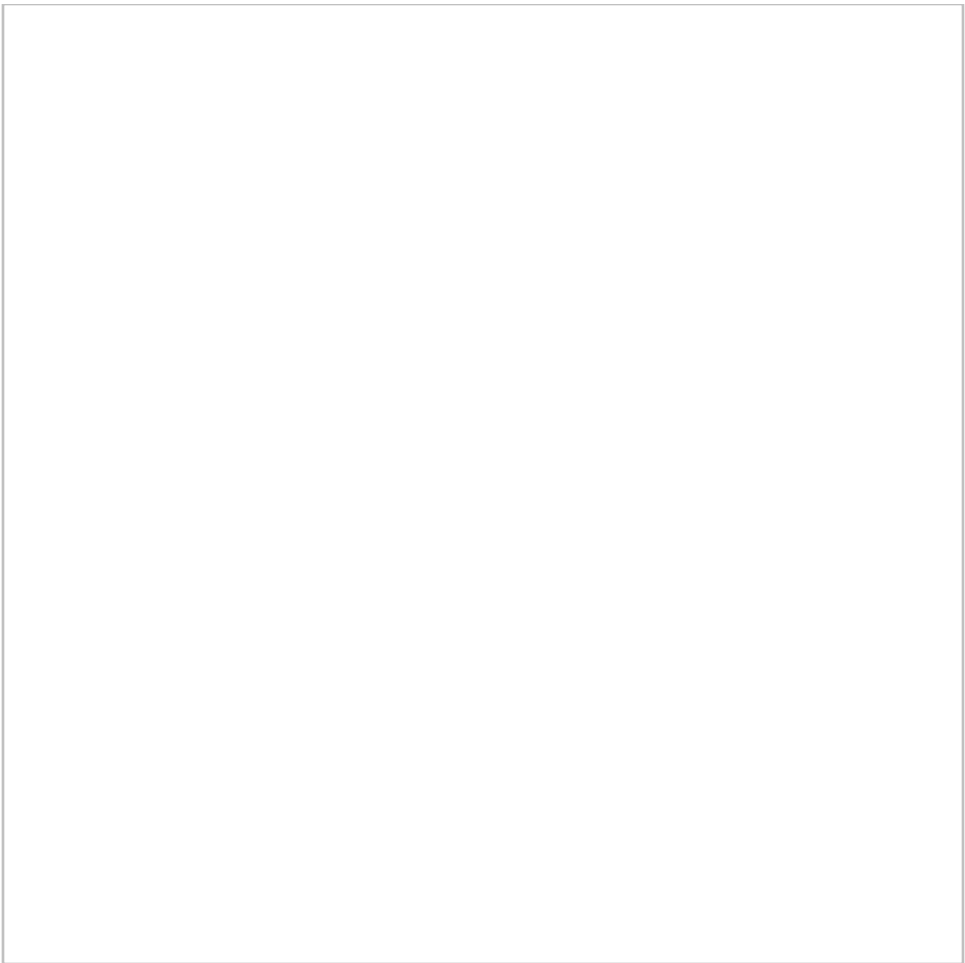
----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Children's Health Defense** <[REDACTED]>
Date: Tue, Jan 10, 2023 at 6:22 PM
Subject: BREAKING: RFK, Jr., CHD + Others File Landmark Lawsuit Against Legacy Media for Censoring COVID-Related Content
To: Wynn Grcich <[REDACTED]>

Give to the county council members, Vancouver council members, and Melneck. Put on public record and confirm that you did ,Please.
Wynn

Having trouble viewing this email? [View it in your web browser](#)

January 10, 2023



BREAKING NEWS

Landmark Lawsuit Slaps Legacy Media With Antitrust, First Amendment Claims for Censoring COVID-Related Content

A lawsuit filed today by Robert F. Kennedy, Jr., and multiple other plaintiffs, alleges the Trusted News Initiative, a self-described “industry partnership” launched in March 2020 by several of the world’s largest news organizations, partnered with Big Tech firms to collectively censor online news.

[Read More](#)

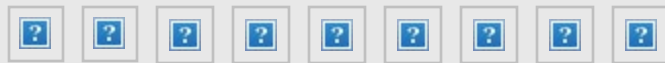
You Make It Possible

Children's Health Defense depends on generous donations from our community. Large or small, every donation gets us closer to achieving our goals.

[Listen to what RFK, Jr. has to say.](#)

[Become a Member](#) | [Donate Now](#)

[Work for CHD](#)



Children's Health Defense | ChildrensHealthDefense.org

Our mission is to end childhood health epidemics by working aggressively to eliminate harmful exposures, hold those responsible accountable, and establish safeguards to prevent future harm.

Children's Health Defense

852 Franklin Ave., Suite 511
Franklin Lakes, New Jersey 07417

[Contact us](#)

Want to change how many emails you receive?
You can [update your preferences](#) or unsubscribe below.

[Unsubscribe](#) or [Manage Your Preferences](#)

From: [june yamrick](#)
To: [City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager](#)
Subject: Proposition 3
Date: Monday, January 9, 2023 2:13:29 PM

You don't often get email from [REDACTED] [Learn why this is important](#)

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

The city of Vancouver needs proper housing for homeless people. The rents are much too high for what people can afford . Salaries have not increased to the level of inflationary costs for basic goods and housing. June yamrick, Vancouver washington

From: [City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager](#)
To: [Small, Rebecca](#); [Drennan, Kate](#)
Cc: [Lande, Aaron](#); [Dollar, Sarah](#)
Subject: FW: TSP - yes!
Date: Tuesday, January 10, 2023 8:50:51 AM

Hello –

We received the following email in the CMO inbox.

Thank you!

City Manager's Office
CITY OF VANCOUVER
P.O. Box 1995 • Vancouver, WA 98668-1995

P: 360.487.8600 | F: 360.487.8625

www.cityofvancouver.us

From: Jan V [REDACTED]
Sent: Monday, January 9, 2023 12:17 PM
To: City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager <CMO@cityofvancouver.us>
Subject: TSP - yes!

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Many thanks to Rebecca, Kate and Thomas. The focus on safety, climate, and multi-mobility are what impress me.
Every time I walk or bike or wait for the bus I am impressed by how loud, fast and dirty vehicle traffic is. Ugh.

When I try to ride on Fourth Plain, I think about the people who have no choice. We have a Safe Stay there, plus the Meridian and countless apartments. I'm glad to see it on the list!

When I see parking lots, I think of what else that space could be used for.
When I picture all of us driving downtown expecting curbside parking, I laugh out loud.
Crazy. Even at our house with my husband in a chair, we do not expect that amenity.

Thanks again. People-focused infrastructure. Yes!
Jan Verrinder
Vancouver

From: [City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager](#)
To: [Dollar, Sarah](#)
Subject: FW: Esther Short Park
Date: Monday, January 23, 2023 11:09:31 AM
Attachments: [image001.png](#)

This is the only comment for Council we have had since 1/18 – which is the last time I forwarded them to you. I'll send any more we have after 12.

Thanks!

Shannon Ripp | Support Specialist III



CITY OF VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON
City Manager's Office
P: (360) 487-8607
www.cityofvancouver.us

From: Michael Piper <[REDACTED]>
Sent: Sunday, January 22, 2023 9:21 AM
To: City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager <CMO@cityofvancouver.us>
Subject: Esther Short Park

You don't often get email from [REDACTED]. [Learn why this is important](#)

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Please do something about the park and specifically the stage and the Slocum House. Every day - every day there is a huge amount of garbage left by those who use both buildings as camping and day center. It's piled high with garbage, human excrement. broken glass, etc. It is not only an embarrassment to the City, but a significant public health risk. HART, the police and public works are well aware of the problem but nothing changes. I urge you to please trespass these individuals and put a temporary fence around it until the City can come up with a plan.

Michael Piper

From: [Wynn Grcich](#)
To: [Rebecca Messinger](#); [Dollar, Sarah](#); Sara.Lamnini@hayward-ca.gov
Subject: children's masks
Date: Saturday, January 21, 2023 9:46:59 PM

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

<https://www.unmaskyourchild.com/>

Send this to the council members, mayors, and Melnick. Put on public record and confirm that you did, Thanks
Wynn Grcich

From: [Wynn Grcich](#)
To: [Rebecca Messinger](#); [Dollar, Sarah](#); [Harris, Rep. Paul](#); electmichellebelkot@gmail.com
Subject: Fwd: mRNA Vaccines for Livestock a \$26 Billion Business + The Truth About HPV Vaccines + More
Date: Friday, January 20, 2023 3:31:03 PM

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Wynn Grcich** <[REDACTED]>
Date: Fri, Jan 20, 2023 at 1:20 AM
Subject: Fwd: mRNA Vaccines for Livestock a \$26 Billion Business + The Truth About HPV Vaccines + More
To:

Please send to the council members and Melneck. Put on public record and confirm that you did.

Thanks

Wynn Grcich

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Children's Health Defense** <[REDACTED]>
Date: Thu, Jan 19, 2023 at 2:23 PM
Subject: mRNA Vaccines for Livestock a \$26 Billion Business + The Truth About HPV Vaccines + More
To: Wynn Grcich <[REDACTED]>

Having trouble viewing this email? [View it in your web browser](#)

January 19, 2023



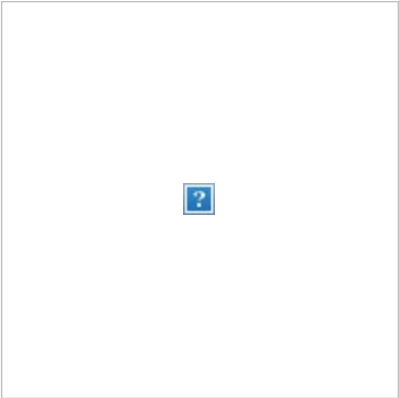
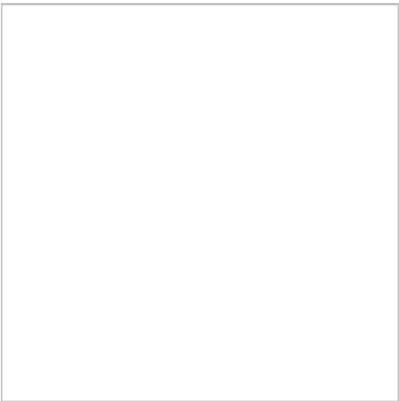


TOP NEWS OF THE DAY

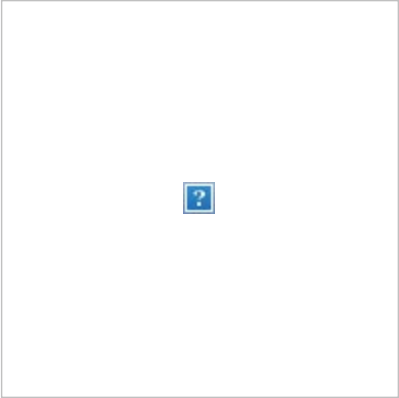


**COVID Vaccines ‘Opened the Floodgates’
for New Wave of mRNA Vaccines for
Livestock**

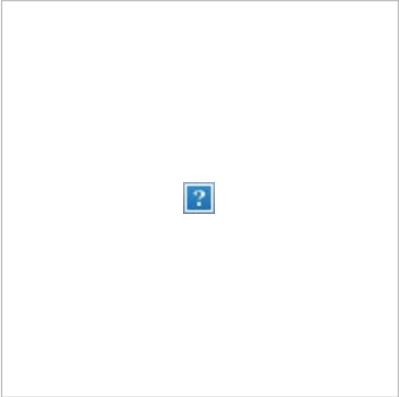
**The Truth About HPV Vaccination, Part
1: How Safe Is It, Really?**



‘Jaw-Dropping’ Evidence Syngenta Knew Its Paraquat Weedkiller Could Cause Parkinson’s



COVID Propaganda and Its Threat to Democracy



Finally! USDA Moves to Stop Organic Food Fraud



5 Steps Public Health Officials Must Take to Regain Public's Trust



RSV Vaccine: Moderna, Pfizer Start a New FDA Approval Race + More



Biden's DOJ Is Still Fighting to Reimpose Mask Mandates on Airline Flights + More

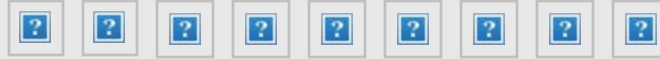
You Make It Possible

Children's Health Defense depends on generous donations from our community. Large or small, every donation gets us closer to achieving our goals.

[Listen to what RFK, Jr. has to say.](#)

[Become a Member](#) | [Donate Now](#)

Work for CHD



Children's Health Defense | ChildrensHealthDefense.org

Our mission is to end childhood health epidemics by working aggressively to eliminate harmful exposures, hold those responsible accountable, and establish safeguards to prevent future harm.

Children's Health Defense

852 Franklin Ave., Suite 511
Franklin Lakes, New Jersey 07417

Contact us

Want to change how many emails you receive?
You can [update your preferences](#) or unsubscribe below.

[Unsubscribe](#) or [Manage Your Preferences](#)

From: [Peter L. Fels](#)
To: [Small, Rebecca](#); [City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager](#); [Alliance For Community Engagement](#); [City Council](#); [Rebecca Ponzio](#)
Subject: Support HB 1433 - Home energy score labeling
Date: Wednesday, January 18, 2023 1:48:28 PM
Attachments: [23-01-17, HB 1433 --HES one page, final \(PCA\).pdf](#)

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Rebecca et al.,

The Home Energy Score labeling bill has now been filed and numbered as HB 1433. Representatives Duerr and Ramel are co-sponsoring.

I encourage the City Council to support this bill as it is consistent with the home energy scoring proposal in our CAF. If it is passed as a state law, that will avoid the necessity to draft a separate City ordinance and also remove builders' concerns that selling homes in Vancouver is more difficult than it would be in other parts of the state.

The City may want to ask for added funding to allow for training workers to do energy scoring. This could be through our community colleges or union apprenticeships.

Attached are an information sheet and a sample label from Hillsboro Oregon.

Thank you for your consideration,

Peter Fels
Vancouver

From: [Peter L. Fels](#)
To: [Small, Rebecca](#); [City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager](#); [City Council](#); [Alliance For Community Engagement](#)
Cc: [Rebecca Ponzio](#); [Coal-WA-SW-Leaders](#)
Subject: HB 1110/SB 5190 middle housing bills
Date: Wednesday, January 18, 2023 1:43:08 PM

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

People,

If you are not already aware of them, I urge you to support HB 1110 and SB 5190 by contacting your legislators. These bills provide inclusion of "middle housing" in single family zoned neighborhoods. They are already supported by Washington Association of Cities. Representatives Monica Stonier and Sharon Wylie are among the sponsors.

Supporting middle housing is consistent with the goals and language of Vancouver's CAF. The bills allow increased density, especially along transit corridors, which helps reduce GHG emissions. They also reduce the exclusivity of some current neighborhoods, thus promoting equity, diversity and inclusion.

If the proposed state legislation passes, the City will not have to adopt its own ordinances to change existing zoning laws and will not be seen as a more difficult place to build than other Washington jurisdictions.

Please support these bills.

Thank you,

Peter Fels
Vancouver

From: [David Rowe](#)
To: [Heidi Cody](#); [Monica zazueta](#); [City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager](#)
Subject: IBR program needs to look at other transit alternatives
Date: Thursday, January 19, 2023 1:14:44 PM
Attachments: [january 2023 zoom.pdf](#)
[RR in SW Washington and Hood River.pdf](#)

You don't often get email from [REDACTED]. [Learn why this is important](#)

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

I made comments to the Washington State Transportation Commission today. I wanted to share my comments with you, My goal is to have a cost -benefit analysis and a feasibility study for this system from funds from the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL). Regional passenger rail system would help reduce climate change as well as reduce the need to expand the I-5 Bridge and Rose Quarter project. The IBR program as currently planned is too huge for Vancouver Waterfront, too expensive, and will add more highways with Jersey Barriers in Clark County.

Dave Rowe

From: [jonathan.stein](#)
To: [City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager](#)
Subject: fossil fuel storage
Date: Sunday, January 15, 2023 3:14:53 PM

[You don't often get email from [REDACTED]. Learn why this is important at <https://aka.ms/LearnAboutSenderIdentification>]

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

PLEASE VOTE TO MAKE BULK FOSSIL FUEL STORAGE MORATORIUM PERMANENT. The transport and storage of fossil fuels is a risk to our community not only from potential explosions and fires, but also the health of the air we breathe. These facilities are sited in areas of our most vulnerable population. Seismic risk is also not insignificant in PNW. Moving to cleaner energy strategies is a MUST if we want to have a livable environment. sincerely, Dr. Sharon Bucher

From: [Jan V](#)
To: [Whitley, Samantha](#); [City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager](#)
Cc: [Michael Newton](#); [Second Step Housing](#); [HART Team](#); [Adrienne Strehlow](#); [Laura @ Council for the Homeless](#)
Subject: February vote and AHF questions
Date: Sunday, January 15, 2023 8:59:14 PM

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi all,

Prop 3: Are we doing anything more for outreach than posting on Nextdoor and offering a survey on BeHeard? I might have missed it.

I will lead a bicycle ride mostly around downtown, but also down Fourth Plain as far as Hope Village. My goal is to show folks where their money is invested with examples of housing being built and maintained, housing with services, temporary shelter, and rental assistance. I'd also like to include any partner organizations and resources along the route similarly helping people. I had to edit a lot of wonderful spots to keep the ride as short and flat as possible.

I'm using the city website dashboard, and hoping the information is current. I had Residences at Arnada on my route, but heard they do NOT actually offer 12 affordable housing units out of the 83 there. Is that true?

Stops on my route so far:

1. Hope Village, Fourth Plain
2. St Luke's shelter, F Ave & 27th St
3. Council for the Homeless, Main St
4. VHA, Main St
5. Second Step Housing, Main St
6. Lincoln Place, Lincoln Ave
7. Share House shelter, 13th St
8. OHM Shelter, 12th St
9. FISH, Harney
10. Safe Stay #3, 11st St
11. Van Vista, 13th St
12. St Paul's shelter, Franklin
13. Miles Terrace, Esther

This email is really just an FYI and invitation to advise me of anything you think I should know and even better JOIN me. I don't have a date yet, but am hoping for a weather break next week - maybe Friday???

Thanks,



From: [City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager](#)
To: [Dollar, Sarah](#)
Subject: FW: Housing Fund Ride
Date: Tuesday, January 17, 2023 9:00:05 AM
Attachments: [image001.png](#)

Thanks!

Shannon Ripp | Support Specialist III



CITY OF VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON
City Manager's Office
P: (360) 487-8607
www.cityofvancouver.us

From: Jan V [REDACTED]
Sent: Monday, January 16, 2023 10:49 PM
To: Jan V [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

Subject: Re: Housing Fund Ride

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Haha - see what happens when you're still on the computer and should be in bed???

HERE is the link to the ride with all the details:

[https://www.vbc-usa.com/content.aspx?
page_id=4002&club_id=851488&item_id=1894315&event_date_id=255](https://www.vbc-usa.com/content.aspx?page_id=4002&club_id=851488&item_id=1894315&event_date_id=255)

From: Jan V [REDACTED]
Sent: Monday, January 16, 2023 10:40 PM
To: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
Subject: Housing Fund Ride

Hi all,

If you ride a bike or know someone who might be interested in riding around some of the locations in town where people are helping people, please share this link to my ride.

It's as flat and short as I can make it and still see as much as we can. We'll have a couple of folks on the ride who help folks in town. If you know others who might ride or meet us along the route - fantastic - let me know.

Here's the link to all the information.

Thanks for everything you do and let's hope we get Prop 3 passed.

Jan
[REDACTED]

Kimberlee Elbon - January 9, 2023

From: no-reply@fvrl.org on behalf of [FVRL Public Copier](#)
To: [City Council](#); countyclerk@clark.wa.gov; comm-aging@clark.wa.gov; BOE@clark.wa.gov; districtcourtcivil@clark.wa.gov; vaninfo@ci.vancouver.wa.us; rebecca.messinger@clark.wa.gov; kristin.phillips@clark.wa.gov; tina.redline@clark.wa.gov; bonnie.lee@clark.wa.gov; [City of Vancouver - Office of the City Manager](#); [REDACTED]
Subject: Scanned image from Fort Vancouver Regional Library
Date: Monday, January 9, 2023 3:02:20 PM
Attachments: [FVRL_20230109_150210.pdf](#)

[You don't often get email from no-reply@fvrl.org. Learn why this is important at <https://aka.ms/LearnAboutSenderIdentification>]

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the City of Vancouver. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Reply to: FVRL Public Copier <no-reply@fvrl.org>
Device Name: LC Public Copier
Device Model: BP-70C31
Location: LC

File Format: PDF MH(G3)
Resolution: 200dpi x 200dpi

Attached file is scanned image in PDF format.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Kimberlee Elbon - January 9, 2023

These emailed documents are to be put on PUBLIC RECORDS for the

Vancouver City Council, mayor, City manager, City attorneys and Clerks AND Including The Clark County Council/CC Board (one in the same !), Clark County Manager, County Clerk and Clerks AND The Community Planning Staff on aging, Community engagement inclusion, BOE and the District Court Civil. If this email did not go to each office above; please make sure it does, ie the Clark County manager has no direct contact email on web site to mention one example.

January 9, 2023 a Monday

Page:

1- My ReQuest for a pedestal and microphone for Speaking.

2-8 - ReQuesting an answer from The Vancouver City council.

9-17 - The Declaration of Independence.

18-22 - The Bill of Rights.

23 – Preamble to The Declaration of Independence.

24-25 – Judicial Conduct and Disability.

26-39 – The Constitution of The United States.

40-47 – The Constitution.

48-51 – Childrens Health Defense.

52-56 – Hazardous substances and climate.

57-61 – The power of the consent agenda.

62-63 – Concerns with Voter Integrity.

64-76 – GREAT CONCERNS for Public Health and propaganda from Local Government here in Clark County Washington USA; including all Cities !!!

77-80- Last minute wake-up call to Citizens.

To all Vancouver City Council members including the mayor, City manager, City attorneys and clerks.

January 4, 2023

THIS email REQUEST is also to be put on PUBLIC RECORDS.

This is a ReQuest to have a microphone and pedestal so I and Others can STAND while SPEAKING on all consent agendas, public comments etc. during all Vancouver City Council meetings. This council has obviously taken My ability to Speak to The Citizens while addressing Them and turning My back on this tyrannical Local government. I can no longer sit at the table there in chambers and have reasonable access to the microphone, thus causing what I call DISCRIMINATION ! I have sciatica issues and prefer to Stand as I have seen in past council meetings when the thought to make this ReQuest came about. Also, it would be difficult for Those Citizens in wheelchairs to access the microphone as it is now. since this council has taken another step to take Our First Amendment Rights away by not having the microphone put on the end of the table; which makes it more accessible to Me and Others. Don't let pride get in the way of this ReQuest.

If this ReQuest is not met, I will Peacefully access the microphone at the table by standing where I normally Stand, lest I say You are Discriminating against My Right to Stand in a Public Building and have broken no laws to Discriminate Me from Standing where I usually Stand.

Any Policies or laws that state otherwise can be sent to My email and I will be Speaking at the January 9, 2023 meeting.

Thank You and Let's have a Godly New Year Amen.

Kimberlee Elbon we4the4people@aol.com





PRRRg - answered?

Item #9.

Staff Report: 205-22

TO: Mayor and City Council
FROM: Eric Holmes, City Manager
DATE: 1/9/2023

Did you answer
any of the following
Public comments and give
evidence either way.

SUBJECT 2022 Comprehensive Plan and zoning map and text changes

Key Points

- State law requires local governments to annually review proposed Comprehensive Plan and zoning changes. Comprehensive Plan changes must be reviewed concurrently and only once per year. Zoning changes may be reviewed at any time.
- 2022 proposals consist of three Comprehensive Plan and zoning map changes, one Comprehensive Plan and related zoning text change, and 17 zoning code text changes. All but two were unanimously recommended for approval by the Planning Commission, with limited public testimony except where noted.

Strategic Plan Alignment

Goal 6: Facilitate the creation of neighborhoods where residents can walk or bike to essential amenities and services – “20-minute neighborhoods”

Goal 8: Strengthen commercial, retail and community districts throughout the city

Present Situation

The following are proposed:

Map Change – Stutesman – Commercial/CG to Urban High Density/R-22 on 0.8 acres in the Vancouver Mall Neighborhood. Intended to allow future townhome development. Planning Commission recommended approval with 90-day effective period to allow additional time for existing mobile home residents to relocate.

Map Change - Schwartz – Urban Low Density/R-2 to Community Commercial/CC on 2.1 acres on 1st Street near the City of Camas border. Intended to allow expansion of an existing home business. Planning Commission recommended denial by 3-2 vote based on concerns that commercial zoning within residential area might hinder efficient redevelopment of adjacent large lot residences, would make future higher density residential options less likely, and is premature given the pending Comprehensive Plan update.

Map Change - Lieser School Redevelopment - Urban Low Density/R-6 to Urban High Density/R-30 on 8.4 acres in the Vancouver Heights neighborhood. Intended to allow a larger school site redevelopment including a fire station, park, approximately 10 townhomes and 100 affordable rental housing units, and an Educational Opportunities for Children and Families (EOCF) early childhood development facility with childcare, offices, and a commercial kitchen.

Text Change - Evergreen, Camas, and Battle Ground School District Capital Facilities Plans - Adoption of the three District Capital Facilities Plans by reference into the City Comprehensive Plan, and adoption of associated School Impact Fees in VMC 20.915.060-1:

School District	Single Family	Multi-Family
Battle Ground	\$6,397	\$2,285
Camas	\$10,760	\$3,845
Vancouver	\$5,374	\$5,374
	\$6,650	\$6,650
	\$2,880	\$2,384
	\$2,786	\$2,486

Additional Zoning Code Text Changes

- Eliminate Central Park Overlay, VMC 20.503, which prevents properties from redeveloping in alignment with underlying zoning.
- Update Solid Waste Disposal and Recycling Standards (VMC 20.970), including related changes to Narrow Lot Standards in VMC 20.927 and Cottage Cluster Developments in VMC 20.950, to reflect and codify existing practices.

3. Update and simplify temporary use standards under VMC 20.885.
4. Update VMC 20.960.060 Commercial District Signs to more clearly address signs located at the top of multistory buildings.
5. Update definitions of Residential Care and Adult Care Homes (VMC 20.150.040E and VMC 20.860.020.B.10.c) to increase allowances from 6 to 8 persons consistent with state law.
6. Add a senior housing definition in VMC 20.150.040A.
7. Clarify that Heights Plan District first floor minimum 16-foot requirements under VMC 20.670.040.B.2 apply to commercial and not residential uses.
8. Update and correct subdivision requirements (VMC 20.320.030.B.4.g and VMC 20.320.070.C.1.f).
9. Update Archaeological Resources requirements under VMC 20.710.020.
10. Correct definition of abutting under VMC 20.150.040A.
11. Correct cross reference in Infill Development Standards VMC 20.920.060.
12. Correct cross reference in SEPA standards under VMC 20.790.830.
13. Correct cross reference in Airport Height Overlay under VMC 20.570.
14. Correct outdated reference to Community and Economic Development Department Director in various Title 20 locations.
15. Correct Vancouver Lake Greenway map under VMC Figure 20.450-2 to reflect previously approved zoning map change.
16. Eliminate reference to outdated C-Tran document under VMC 20.430.030-1 footnote 8.
17. Update Planning, Engineering and Fire fees under VMC 20.180.060, 20.180.070, and 20.180.080 to eliminate outdated January 2022 fee listings, clarify language for tenant improvements, and separate out ROW permits for residential and commercial uses. Per City code, these were not reviewed by the Planning Commission. Annual CPI-based increases will be applied in 2023.

Advantage(s)

- Stutesman map change facilitates long term housing at a location near commercial and public services.
- Lieser School map change allows for redevelopment, including affordable housing, educational facilities, a park and fire station.
- Schwartz map change if approved would allow existing and proposed home business activities at the proposal site to become legal, and would allow for future commercial development.
- Text changes allow for updated School Impact Fees and Capital Facilities Plans to provide for educational facilities, allow for development in the Central Park area to occur consistent with underlying zoning, and provide updated and corrected zoning standards overall.

Disadvantage(s)

- Stutesman map change creates likely future need for relocation of current on-site residents.
- School Impact fee increases will likely increase housing costs.
- Schwartz map change to commercial, if approved, could hinder efficient redevelopment of adjacent large lot residences, make future denser residential development of the proposal site less likely, and may be premature given the pending Comprehensive Plan Update.

These disadvantages do not relate to Citizens' concerns!

Budget Impact

Planning, Engineering, and Fire fee changes are estimated to generate approximately \$500,000 in 2023.

Prior Council Review

Council workshops were held on November 14 and November 28, 2022.

Action Requested

On January 9, 2023, subject to second reading and a public hearing, approve Ordinances A (Stutesman Map Change), B (Lieser School Map Change), C (Schwartz) and D (Text Changes).

Bryan Snodgrass, Principal Planner, 360-487-7946

ATTACHMENTS:

- ☐ Stutesman Ordinance
- ☐ Lieser Ordinance
- ☐ Schwartz Ordinance
- ☐ Applicant Memo - Schwartz First Comprehensive Plan Amendment and Zone Change
- ☐ Fall 2022 Plan and Zone Text Change Ordinance
- ☒ Public Comments Received
- ☐ Presentation

*prior to meeting Jan 9 - PRRg if any
of these were answered!*

ATTACHMENT E – WRITTEN PUBLIC COMMENTS RECEIVED

From: lauretta howell

Sent: Thursday, September 8, 2022 1:42 PM

To: Snodgrass, Bryan Subject: Re: Central Park overlay district

Would I be right in assuming that a 40% ratio of multifamily homes is higher than the average in Vancouver Washington? That high ratio of multi family homes built at a time when parking requirements were low has had an impact on available parking in our community. The city is now allowing multi family to be developed with, in my opinion, inadequate on-site parking which would make our parking problem even worse . What concerns me is that in an attempt to make up for the lack of affordable housing the city allows owners on single family but larger than average lots to build tiny homes without adequate parking on site. Could you address that concern? Thank you. Sent from my iPad

> On Sep 7, 2022, at 4:25 PM, Snodgrass, Bryan wrote: > > I have not been able to find any record of the original request and don't know what form it would have been conveyed in. I did find the attached staff report for the original overlay establishment which may have some background information

From: Steve T

Sent: Tuesday, October 4, 2022 4:12 PM

To: Snodgrass, Bryan

Subject: Proposed zoning change at 20101 & 20117 SE 1st St

. Mr Snodgrass I recently received a postcard notice on a proposal to change zoning for 20101 & 20117 SE 1st St from Low Density/R-2 to Commercial/CC. I live at 20028 SE 3rd Cir and the subject zoning change property is located immediately to the north of my property. I just want to say that I strongly object to any zoning change for the subject property. Changing the subject property to Commercial just doesn't make sense. All the surrounding properties to the south of SE 1st St are not zoned for commercial use and it should be kept that way so our neighborhood has a buffer zone for all the commercial development that is already happening on the northside of SE 1st St. We already have to deal with the subject property currently being used as a short term rental property(Airbnb). We already have to deal with noise and bright lights from short You don't often get email from csinoregon@hotmail.com. Learn why this is important term guests going in and out of the subject property sometime at odd hours late at night. I can imagine that would be unbearable if the zoning is changed to commercial and there can be potential noise all throughout the day. On another totally different matter, I want to point out that a traffic light is urgently needed on the intersection of SE 1st St and Westridge Blvd. With the increased traffic in the past few years, and the new development happening on the north side of SE 1st St, it is very difficult and potentially dangerous to make a left turn from Westridge Blvd onto SE 1st St. I hope this can be addressed quickly.

Regards, Steven Tsang

From: C. Schafer

Sent: Sunday, October 2, 2022 1:17 PM

To: Snodgrass, Bryan Subject:

RE: Changes to the Central Park overlay Importance: High

To Bryan Snodgrass and other planning commission members

This letter asks some questions and expresses my concerns about the changes to the Central Park neighborhood overlay change. Parts of Central Park neighborhood that were built in the 1940s or earlier have some special issues that make it more problematic to add housing density. I live at 1200 Y St, Vancouver in the middle of the block on Y Street between Mill Plain on the south and 13th Ave on the north. Comments: Except for 4 houses at the north end of our block, the rest of the houses on the block are on narrow lots with single-car width driveways. In some cases, because of placement of the garages (some of which are 1940s garages that don't fit modern cars), two larger vehicles cannot be parked in the driveway without blocking the side walk. Most residents place one car in their drive way and one on the street. This leaves just enough room for the postal truck to deliver mail—a space that is generally not large enough to park another car. My concern on our street is what happens if ADUs (or similar) increase the density of cars parking on the street. Overflow cars have nowhere to go. Mill Plain to the south has no parking lane. Also 13th to the north has limited parking as it is an old narrow street that goes by the Pioneer Cemetery. The parking that is on 13th near Y St is generally used by the duplexes near the corner of Y Street and 13th. X Street (just north of our block) has had parking issues since the mid-block apartments were built. So there is really no overflow parking options available near our street if increased building density brings more cars to the street. MY QUESTIONS INCLUDE: Does this overlay proposal change what can happen to the following property? There are 2 parcels (mid-block) labeled #176 and #177 of John Maney. (Also labeled Property ID 35317000 and 35316000.) They are behind the properties at 1110 and 1116 Y St. A few years ago, the owner of these properties tried to create a new building area by removing driveways from the 2 houses and then filed a new deed with the county using those 2 driveways as potential access to the lots in the back. (While the driveways are temporarily being used by the houses whose driveway ownership was removed, that would change if these back parcels were approved for development. Would building on these parcels (or addition of ADUs) on the street require the city to notify the neighbors near the building areas and allow for input before building permits were given? Are parking issues taken into consideration when approving such permits to build? It is my understanding that ADUs only require one parking spot off road? If a 2-bedroom structure was built on the parcels in question, that could mean four people might move in with parking for only 1 car and the rest of the people would be trying to park on the street along with the inhabitants of the 2 houses in front of the parcels that own no driveways. We already have a fair density of cars on this street. There is also at least 1 house on this street with 4 young adults sharing a house--each with a car.

All need their cars as they commute long distances to work or work nights which makes bus use not feasible. Parking is already problematic on this street and increasing housing density will only intensify the problem. Please respond to the questions that are underlined. Thank you.

Sincerely, Carol Schafer csinoregon@hotmail.com Resident of 1200 Y St, Vancouver, WA 98661

From: lou ann way

To: Planning Commission Subject: Citizen Communication

Date: Monday, October 10, 2022 4:48:17 AM

My name is Lou Way and I live at 9203 NE 53rd Street. I would like to see the zoning stay as a commercial zone. Vancouver does not have a lot of commercial buildings the size as the one at 5204/5206 NE 94th ave. Vancouver would like to compete with Portland and businesses are moving from Oregon but if those potential companies are not offered the size structure needed for those business to succeed they will not come here. Commercial/ business taxes are far better for city revenue than those credits you will be giving to developers to build affordable housing. The city of Vancouver needs to have commercial buildings available for those businesses bouncing back from the pandemic for without businesses there will be no need of housing. Please keep 5204/5206 zoned for commercial. Thank you for listening to a concerned neighbor.

Lou Way Sent from my iPad

From: N Sukkau

To: Planning Commission

Cc: Nischik, Julie

Subject: Fwd: Agenda for 10/11/2022 - Lieser School - from Urban low density R-6 to Urban High density R-30

Date: Tuesday, October 11, 2022 11:36:13 AM

Feedback regarding messaging. This project has been delayed for years, and the outreach to the local community has been inadequate. Only half of my neighbors are aware this project is even funded and ready to begin soon. When I attended the last outreach at the school I discovered it was simply an event to clean out the school. I did not receive any answers to my questions below: The Fire/Life/Safety component is understood. We need a new fire station, and this may be the ideal area that needs to be served. The addition of affordable housing feels like a bolt on to this project. Scope creep defined. Where are the studies to show that the local infrastructure can support the addition of 100+ families in

essentially a city block of existing residential zoning? Here are my specific questions that must be addressed for the community:

- 1) What Seismic study and engineering has been integrated in to the proposed High Density Housing and Auxiliary Buildings? How is any existing building that will remain being retrofitted to meet these standards. -OR- do we need to make clear this will not be a seismically reinforced structure?
- 2) Power (Electrical infrastructure). How is the site being serviced? What level of expansion is expected. Where is the environmental study to show: Solar exposure (what is the solar production capacity, and what is being installed?) 1000kW solar should be included.
- 3) Water (Mains) How is the site and area being upgraded for the water requirements of this site. Is there a plan to harvest grey water for eco use? Catch basin designed for runoff? Plant/vegetation considerations?
- 4) Sewer (Mains and aux.) How is this site being prepared to handle the additional sewer capacity for black water and grey water sources?
- 5) Telecommunications – Will this community receive fiber optic high speed internet, or be at the mercy of existing, slow telco infrastructure. E.g. How are you ensuring “Digital Equity”.
- 6) Police - Who is representing the East Vancouver Police dept. for this project? How do they plan to assign additional resources to this area to ensure safety? This is already a high crime area, with low engagement from the community.
- 7) Fire – This may be obvious with the inclusion of the station, but who is the designated contact/representative from Vancouver Fire to talk to this. How do they plan to assist the local community that is essentially in their backyard. I would expect more service calls unrelated to fire in the vicinity. (Life/Safety assistance calls w/ Police etc.)
- 8) Hospital/ER services. Who is being engaged at SW Washington Medical Center? This is very close, and I would expect health care visits from locals to increase. How is this being addressed and prepared?
- 9) Local homeowners and Realtors should be re-engaged. We already pay very high taxes in this area, and have some limited high density. Low income apartments are also abundant in this area leading to local challenges that are currently unaddressed. (Crime, poverty, and decreased community resources) Who has engaged with the major homeowners associations and Realtors to discuss Taxes, property values, and other challenges the local community would like addressed?
- 10) Please explain the tenant profile for this project. The slides only show the outlier or the subset of groups to be served. WHO will be served the most by this project? Who is the targeted demographic. Do we have profiles of the people we are looking to serve with this? If so, please expand on who we will help the most? (Slide deck statistics only show a portion.. I want to see the whole picture) In closing, this high density housing proposal will substantially impact local quality of life and asks for variances that do not clearly benefit the area. More in depth analysis of the issues I outlined from both a infrastructure

and people perspective -- needs to be performed before approving ANY additional zoning changes.
Message discipline with the community must follow. Ensure there is real support. (Sending a post card is not sufficient)

Nathan Sukkau Local Homeowner & Certified Disaster Recovery Engineer nsukkau@outlook.com



Declaration of Independence: A Transcription

 Print This Page

Note: The following text is a transcription of the Stone Engraving of the parchment Declaration of Independence (the document on display in the Rotunda at the National Archives Museum.) The spelling and punctuation reflects the original.

In Congress, July 4, 1776

The unanimous Declaration of the thirteen united States of America, When in the Course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the Laws of Nature and of Nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness.--That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, --That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their Safety and Happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that Governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly all experience hath shewn, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same Object evinces a design to reduce them under absolute Despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such Government, and to provide new Guards for their future security.--Such has been the patient sufferance of these Colonies; and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former Systems of Government. The history of the present King of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute Tyranny over these States. To prove this, let Facts be submitted to a candid world.

He has refused his Assent to Laws, the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his Governors to pass Laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his Assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other Laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of Representation in the Legislature, a right inestimable to them and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public Records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures.

He has dissolved Representative Houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people.

He has refused for a long time, after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the Legislative powers, incapable of Annihilation, have returned to the People at large for their exercise; the State remaining in the mean time exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and convulsions within.

He has endeavoured to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose obstructing the Laws for Naturalization of Foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migrations hither, and raising the conditions of new Appropriations of Lands.

He has obstructed the Administration of Justice, by refusing his Assent to Laws for establishing Judiciary powers.

He has made Judges dependent on his Will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries.

He has erected a multitude of New Offices, and sent hither swarms of Officers to harrass our people, and eat out their substance.

He has kept among us, in times of peace, Standing Armies without the Consent of our legislatures.

He has affected to render the Military independent of and superior to the Civil power.

He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his Assent to their Acts of pretended Legislation:

For Quartering large bodies of armed troops among us:

For protecting them, by a mock Trial, from punishment for any Murders which they should commit on the Inhabitants of these States:

For cutting off our Trade with all parts of the world:

For imposing Taxes on us without our Consent:

For depriving us in many cases, of the benefits of Trial by Jury:

For transporting us beyond Seas to be tried for pretended offences

For abolishing the free System of English Laws in a neighbouring Province, establishing therein an Arbitrary government, and enlarging its Boundaries so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these Colonies:

For taking away our Charters, abolishing our most valuable Laws, and altering fundamentally the Forms of our Governments:

For suspending our own Legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever.

He has abdicated Government here, by declaring us out of his Protection and waging War against us.

He has plundered our seas, ravaged our Coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people.

He is at this time transporting large Armies of foreign Mercenaries to compleat the works of death, desolation and tyranny, already begun with circumstances of Cruelty & perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the Head of a civilized nation.

He has constrained our fellow Citizens taken Captive on the high Seas to bear Arms against their Country, to become the executioners of their friends and Brethren, or to fall themselves by their Hands.

He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavoured to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers, the merciless Indian Savages, whose known rule of warfare, is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions.

In every stage of these Oppressions We have Petitioned for Redress in the most humble terms: Our repeated Petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A Prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a Tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have We been wanting in attentions to our Brittish brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them by the ties of our common kindred to disavow these usurpations, which, would inevitably interrupt our

connections and correspondence. They too have been deaf to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which denounces our Separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, Enemies in War, in Peace Friends.

We, therefore, the Representatives of the united States of America, in General Congress, Assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the Name, and by Authority of the good People of these Colonies, solemnly publish and declare, That these United Colonies are, and of Right ought to be Free and Independent States; that they are Absolved from all Allegiance to the British Crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain, is and ought to be totally dissolved; and that as Free and Independent States, they have full Power to levy War, conclude Peace, contract Alliances, establish Commerce, and to do all other Acts and Things which Independent States may of right do. And for the support of this Declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our Lives, our Fortunes and our sacred Honor.

Georgia

Button Gwinnett

Lyman Hall

George Walton

North Carolina

William Hooper

Joseph Hewes

John Penn

South Carolina

Edward Rutledge

Thomas Heyward, Jr.

Thomas Lynch, Jr.

Arthur Middleton

Massachusetts

John Hancock

Maryland

Samuel Chase

William Paca

Thomas Stone

Charles Carroll of Carrollton

Virginia

George Wythe

Richard Henry Lee

Thomas Jefferson

Benjamin Harrison

Thomas Nelson, Jr.

Francis Lightfoot Lee

Carter Braxton

Pennsylvania

Robert Morris

Benjamin Rush

Benjamin Franklin

John Morton

George Clymer

James Smith

George Taylor

James Wilson

George Ross

Delaware

Caesar Rodney

George Read

Thomas McKean

New York

William Floyd

Philip Livingston

Francis Lewis

Lewis Morris

New Jersey

Richard Stockton

John Witherspoon

Francis Hopkinson

John Hart

Abraham Clark

New Hampshire

Josiah Bartlett

William Whipple

Massachusetts

Samuel Adams

John Adams

Robert Treat Paine

Elbridge Gerry

Rhode Island

Stephen Hopkins

William Ellery

Connecticut

Roger Sherman

Samuel Huntington

William Williams

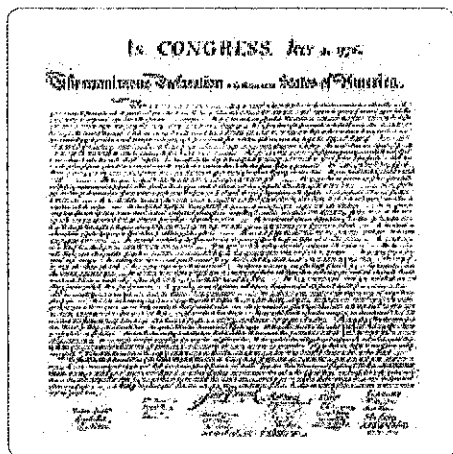
Oliver Wolcott

New Hampshire

Matthew Thornton

The Declaration of Independence, 1776

By issuing the Declaration of Independence, adopted by the Continental Congress on July 4, 1776, the 13 American colonies severed their political connections to Great Britain. The Declaration summarized the colonists' motivations for seeking independence. By declaring themselves an independent nation, the American colonists were able to confirm an official alliance with the Government of France and obtain French assistance in the war against Great Britain.



The Declaration of Independence

Throughout the 1760s and early 1770s, the North American colonists found themselves increasingly at odds with British imperial policies regarding taxation and frontier policy. When repeated protests failed to influence British policies, and instead resulted in the closing of the port of Boston and the declaration of martial law in Massachusetts, the colonial governments sent delegates to a Continental Congress to coordinate a colonial boycott of British goods. When fighting broke out between American colonists and British forces in Massachusetts, the Continental Congress worked with local groups, originally intended to enforce the boycott, to coordinate resistance against the British. British officials throughout the colonies increasingly found their authority challenged by informal local governments, although loyalist sentiment remained strong in some areas.

Despite these changes, colonial leaders hoped to reconcile with the British Government, and all but the most radical members of Congress were unwilling to declare independence. However, in late 1775, Benjamin Franklin, then a member of the Secret Committee of Correspondence, hinted to French agents and other European sympathizers that the colonies were increasingly leaning towards seeking independence. While perhaps true, Franklin also hoped to convince the French to supply the colonists with aid. Independence would be necessary, however, before French officials would consider the possibility of an alliance.

Throughout the winter of 1775–1776, the members of the Continental Congress came to view reconciliation with Britain as unlikely, and independence the only course of action available to them. When on December 22, 1775, the British Parliament prohibited trade with the colonies, Congress responded in April of 1776 by opening colonial ports—this was a major step towards severing ties with Britain. The colonists were aided by the January publication of Thomas Paine's pamphlet *Common Sense*, which advocated the colonies' independence and was widely distributed throughout the colonies. By February of 1776, colonial leaders were discussing the possibility of forming foreign alliances and began to draft the Model Treaty that would serve as a basis for the 1778 alliance with France. Leaders for the cause of independence wanted to make certain that they had sufficient congressional support before they would bring the issue to the vote. On June 7, 1776, Richard Henry Lee introduced a motion in Congress to declare independence. Other members of Congress were amenable but thought some colonies not quite ready. However, Congress did form a committee to draft a declaration of independence and assigned this duty to Thomas Jefferson.



Thomas Paine

Benjamin Franklin and John Adams reviewed Jefferson's draft. They preserved its original form, but struck passages likely to meet with controversy or skepticism, most notably passages blaming King George III for the transatlantic slave trade and those blaming the British people rather than their government. The committee presented the final draft before Congress on June 28, 1776, and Congress adopted the final text of the Declaration of Independence on July 4.

The British Government did its best to dismiss the Declaration as a trivial document issued by disgruntled colonists. British officials commissioned propagandists to highlight the declaration's flaws and to rebut the colonists' complaints. The Declaration divided British domestic opposition, as some American sympathizers thought the Declaration had gone too far, but in British-ruled Ireland it had many supporters.

The Declaration's most important diplomatic effect was to allow for recognition of the United States by friendly foreign governments. The Sultan of Morocco mentioned American ships in a consular document in 1777, but Congress had to wait until the 1778 Treaty of Alliance with France for a formal recognition of U.S. independence. The Netherlands acknowledged U.S. independence in 1782. Although Spain joined the war against Great Britain in 1779, it did not recognize U.S. independence until the 1783 Treaty of Paris. Under the terms of the treaty, which ended the War of the American Revolution, Great Britain officially acknowledged the United States as a sovereign and independent nation.

The Bill of Rights: A Transcription

 Print This Page

Note: The following text is a transcription of the enrolled original of the Joint Resolution of Congress proposing the Bill of Rights, which is on permanent display in the Rotunda at the National Archives Museum. The spelling and punctuation reflects the original.

On September 25, 1789, the First Congress of the United States proposed 12 amendments to the Constitution. The 1789 Joint Resolution of Congress proposing the amendments is on display in the Rotunda in the National Archives Museum. Ten of the proposed 12 amendments were ratified by three-fourths of the state legislatures on December 15, 1791. The ratified Articles (Articles 3–12) constitute the first 10 amendments of the Constitution, or the U.S. Bill of Rights. In 1992, 203 years after it was proposed, Article 2 was ratified as the 27th Amendment to the Constitution. Article 1 was never ratified.

Transcription of the 1789 Joint Resolution of Congress Proposing 12 Amendments to the U.S. Constitution

Congress of the United States begun and held at the City of New-York, on Wednesday the fourth of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty nine.

THE Conventions of a number of the States, having at the time of their adopting the Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added: And as extending the ground of public confidence in the Government, will best ensure the beneficent ends of its institution.

RESOLVED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two thirds of both Houses concurring, that the following Articles be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States, as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, all, or any of which Articles, when ratified by three fourths of the said Legislatures, to be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of the said Constitution; viz.

ARTICLES in addition to, and Amendment of the Constitution of the United States of America, proposed by Congress, and ratified by the Legislatures of the several States, pursuant to the fifth Article of the original Constitution.

18

Article the first... After the first enumeration required by the first article of the Constitution, there shall be one Representative for every thirty thousand, until the number shall amount to one hundred, after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress, that there shall be not less than one hundred Representatives, nor less than one Representative for every forty thousand persons, until the number of Representatives shall amount to two hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress, that there shall not be less than two hundred Representatives, nor more than one Representative for every fifty thousand persons.

Article the second... No law, varying the compensation for the services of the Senators and Representatives, shall take effect, until an election of Representatives shall have intervened.

Article the third... Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

Article the fourth... A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed.

Article the fifth... No Soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the Owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

Article the sixth... The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

Article the seventh... No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

Article the eighth... In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the Assistance of Counsel for his defence.

Article the ninth... In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury, shall be

19

otherwise re-examined in any Court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

Article the tenth... Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

Article the eleventh... The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

Article the twelfth... The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ATTEST,

Frederick Augustus Muhlenberg, Speaker of the House of Representatives
John Adams, Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate
John Beckley, Clerk of the House of Representatives.
Sam. A Otis Secretary of the Senate

The U.S. Bill of Rights

Note: The following text is a transcription of the first ten amendments to the Constitution in their original form. These amendments were ratified December 15, 1791, and form what is known as the "Bill of Rights."

Amendment I

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

Amendment II

A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed.

Amendment III

No Soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the Owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

Amendment IV

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but

upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

Amendment V

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

Amendment VI

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the Assistance of Counsel for his defence.

Amendment VII

In Suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury, shall be otherwise re-examined in any Court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

Amendment VIII

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

Amendment IX

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

Amendment X

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

Note: The capitalization and punctuation in this version is from the enrolled original of the Joint Resolution

of Congress proposing the Bill of Rights, which is on permanent display in the Rotunda of the National Archives Building, Washington, D.C.

22

Preamble to the Declaration of Independence

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness. That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

Preamble to the United States Constitution

We the People of the United States, in Order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and our Posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

Judicial Conduct & Disability

Under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act and the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings, anyone can file a complaint alleging a federal judge has committed misconduct or has a disability.

The Judicial Conduct and Disability Act of 1980 (<https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/28/part-I/chapter-16>), 28 U.S.C. §§ 351–364, establishes a process by which any person can file a complaint alleging a federal judge has engaged in “conduct prejudicial to the effective and expeditious administration of the business of the courts” or has become, by reason of a mental or physical disability, “unable to discharge all the duties” of the judicial office.

The Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings (</file/25751/download>) (pdf), as amended on March 12, 2019, provide mandatory and nationally uniform provisions governing the substantive and procedural aspects of judicial conduct and disability proceedings under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act.

The judicial conduct and disability review process cannot be used to challenge the correctness of a judge’s decision in a case. A judicial decision that is unfavorable to a litigant does not alone establish misconduct or a disability. An attorney can explain any rights you have as a litigant to seek review of a judicial decision.

For more information, please visit the following links:

- Frequently Asked Questions (</judges-judgeships/judicial-conduct-disability/faqs-filing-judicial-conduct-or-disability-complaint>) about filing a judicial conduct or disability complaint against a federal judge
- Graphical Overview (</file/19776/download>) (pdf) of the process for filing a judicial conduct or disability complaint against a federal judge
- Table S-22 ([statistics-reports/caseload-statistics-data-tables?tn&pn=All&t=687&m%5Bvalue%5D%5Bmonth%5D=&y%5Bvalue%5D%5Byear%5D=](/statistics-reports/caseload-statistics-data-tables?tn&pn=All&t=687&m%5Bvalue%5D%5Bmonth%5D=&y%5Bvalue%5D%5Byear%5D=)) for yearly statistics regarding judicial conduct and disability complaints against federal judges and actions taken under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act of 1980

Court Resources

A judicial conduct or disability complaint against a federal judge must be filed in the appropriate court office, as described in Rule 7 of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability

(24)

Proceedings. Please visit the website of the appropriate court office for additional information.

- First Circuit (<http://www.ca1.uscourts.gov/judicial-conduct-disability>) (Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Puerto Rico)
- Second Circuit (http://www.ca2.uscourts.gov/judges/judicial_conduct.html) (Connecticut, New York, Vermont)
- Third Circuit (<http://www.ca3.uscourts.gov/judicial-conduct-and-disability>) (Delaware, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virgin Islands)
- Fourth Circuit (<http://www.ca4.uscourts.gov/rules-and-procedures/judicial-conduct-disability>) (Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia)
- Fifth Circuit (<http://www.ca5.uscourts.gov/JudicialMisconduct.aspx>) (Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas)
- Sixth Circuit (<http://www.ca6.uscourts.gov/judicial-complaints>) (Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Tennessee)
- Seventh Circuit (<http://www.ca7.uscourts.gov/judicial-conduct/judicial-conduct.htm>) (Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin)
- Eighth Circuit (<http://www.ca8.uscourts.gov/judicial-conduct-disability>) (Arkansas, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota)
- Ninth Circuit (<https://www.ca9.uscourts.gov/misconduct/guidelines/>) (Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Washington, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands)
- Tenth Circuit (<https://www.ca10.uscourts.gov/ce/misconduct>) (Colorado, Kansas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Utah, Wyoming)
- Eleventh Circuit (<http://www.ca11.uscourts.gov/judicial-conduct-disability>) (Alabama, Florida, Georgia)
- District of Columbia Circuit (<http://www.cadc.uscourts.gov/internet/home.nsf/Content/Judicial%20Misconduct>) (District of Columbia)
- Federal Circuit (<http://www.cafc.uscourts.gov/judicial-reports>)
- Court of International Trade (<https://www.cit.uscourts.gov/judicial-ethics>)
- Court of Federal Claims (http://www.uscfc.uscourts.gov/Judicial_Misconduct)

[Top](#)

The Constitution of the United States: A Transcription

Print This Page

Note: The following text is a transcription of the Constitution as it was inscribed by Jacob Shallus on parchment (the document on display in the Rotunda at the National Archives Museum.) The spelling and punctuation reflect the original.

We the People of the United States, in Order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and our Posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

Article. I.

Section. 1.

All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section. 2.

The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

No Person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the Age of twenty five Years, and been seven Years a Citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct Taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be

included within this Union, according to their respective Numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole Number of free Persons, including those bound to Service for a Term of Years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other Persons. The actual Enumeration shall be made within three Years after the first Meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent Term of ten Years, in such Manner as they shall by Law direct. The Number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty Thousand, but each State shall have at Least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to chuse three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New-York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the Representation from any State, the Executive Authority thereof shall issue Writs of Election to fill such Vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall chuse their Speaker and other Officers; and shall have the sole Power of Impeachment.

Section. 3.

The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six Years; and each Senator shall have one Vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in Consequence of the first Election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three Classes. The Seats of the Senators of the first Class shall be vacated at the Expiration of the second Year, of the second Class at the Expiration of the fourth Year, and of the third Class at the Expiration of the sixth Year, so that one third may be chosen every second Year; and if Vacancies happen by Resignation, or otherwise, during the Recess of the Legislature of any State, the Executive thereof may make temporary Appointments until the next Meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such Vacancies.

No Person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty Years, and been nine Years a Citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no Vote, unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall chuse their other Officers, and also a President pro tempore, in the Absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the Office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole Power to try all Impeachments. When sitting for that Purpose, they shall be on Oath or Affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside: And no Person shall be convicted without the Concurrence of two thirds of the Members present.

27

Judgment in Cases of Impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from Office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any Office of honor, Trust or Profit under the United States; but the Party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to Indictment, Trial, Judgment and Punishment, according to Law.

Section. 4.

The Times, Places and Manner of holding Elections for Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by Law make or alter such Regulations, except as to the Places of chusing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by Law appoint a different Day.

Section. 5.

Each House shall be the Judge of the Elections, Returns and Qualifications of its own Members, and a Majority of each shall constitute a Quorum to do Business; but a smaller Number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the Attendance of absent Members, in such Manner, and under such Penalties as each House may provide.

Each House may determine the Rules of its Proceedings, punish its Members for disorderly Behaviour, and, with the Concurrence of two thirds, expel a Member.

Each House shall keep a Journal of its Proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such Parts as may in their Judgment require Secrecy; and the Yeas and Nays of the Members of either House on any question shall, at the Desire of one fifth of those Present, be entered on the Journal.

Neither House, during the Session of Congress, shall, without the Consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other Place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting.

Section. 6.

The Senators and Representatives shall receive a Compensation for their Services, to be ascertained by Law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall in all Cases, except Treason, Felony and Breach of the Peace, be privileged from Arrest during their Attendance at the Session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any Speech or Debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other Place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the Time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil Office under the Authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the

Emoluments whereof shall have been encreased during such time; and no Person holding any Office under the United States, shall be a Member of either House during his Continuance in Office.

Section. 7.

All Bills for raising Revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with Amendments as on other Bills.

Every Bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it become a Law, be presented to the President of the United States; If he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his Objections to that House in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the Objections at large on their Journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such Reconsideration two thirds of that House shall agree to pass the Bill, it shall be sent, together with the Objections, to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds of that House, it shall become a Law. But in all such Cases the Votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and Nays, and the Names of the Persons voting for and against the Bill shall be entered on the Journal of each House respectively. If any Bill shall not be returned by the President within ten Days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the Same shall be a Law, in like Manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by their Adjournment prevent its Return, in which Case it shall not be a Law.

Every Order, Resolution, or Vote to which the Concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of Adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the Same shall take Effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the Rules and Limitations prescribed in the Case of a Bill.

Section. 8.

The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow Money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes;

To establish an uniform Rule of Naturalization, and uniform Laws on the subject of Bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign Coin, and fix the Standard of Weights and Measures;

To provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States;

To establish Post Offices and post Roads;

To promote the Progress of Science and useful Arts, by securing for limited Times to Authors and Inventors the exclusive Right to their respective Writings and Discoveries;

To constitute Tribunals inferior to the supreme Court;

To define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations;

To declare War, grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, and make Rules concerning Captures on Land and Water;

To raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money to that Use shall be for a longer Term than two Years;

To provide and maintain a Navy;

To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces;

To provide for calling forth the Militia to execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections and repel Invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining, the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive Legislation in all Cases whatsoever, over such District (not exceeding ten Miles square) as may, by Cession of particular States, and the Acceptance of Congress, become the Seat of the Government of the United States, and to exercise like Authority over all Places purchased by the Consent of the Legislature of the State in which the Same shall be, for the Erection of Forts, Magazines, Arsenals, dock-Yards, and other needful Buildings;—And

To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Section. 9.

The Migration or Importation of such Persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the Year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a Tax or duty may be imposed on such Importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each Person.

The Privilege of the Writ of Habeas Corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in Cases of Rebellion or Invasion the public Safety may require it.

No Bill of Attainder or ex post facto Law shall be passed.

No Capitation, or other direct, Tax shall be laid, unless in Proportion to the Census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.

No Tax or Duty shall be laid on Articles exported from any State.

No Preference shall be given by any Regulation of Commerce or Revenue to the Ports of one State over those of another: nor shall Vessels bound to, or from, one State, be obliged to enter, clear, or pay Duties in another.

No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law; and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time.

No Title of Nobility shall be granted by the United States: And no Person holding any Office of Profit or Trust under them, shall, without the Consent of the Congress, accept of any present, Emolument, Office, or Title, of any kind whatever, from any King, Prince, or foreign State.

Section. 10.

No State shall enter into any Treaty, Alliance, or Confederation; grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal; coin Money; emit Bills of Credit; make any Thing but gold and silver Coin a Tender in Payment of Debts; pass any Bill of Attainder, ex post facto Law, or Law impairing the Obligation of Contracts, or grant any Title of Nobility.

No State shall, without the Consent of the Congress, lay any Imposts or Duties on Imports or Exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing it's inspection Laws: and the net Produce of all Duties and Imposts, laid by any State on Imports or Exports, shall be for the Use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such Laws shall be subject to the Revision and Controul of the Congress.

No State shall, without the Consent of Congress, lay any Duty of Tonnage, keep Troops, or Ships of War in time of Peace, enter into any Agreement or Compact with another State, or with a foreign Power, or engage in War, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent Danger as will not admit of delay.

Article. II.

Section. 1.

The executive Power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his Office during the Term of four Years, and, together with the Vice President, chosen for the same Term, be elected, as follows

Each State shall appoint, in such Manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a Number of Electors, equal to the whole Number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress: but no Senator or Representative, or Person holding an Office of Trust or Profit under the United States, shall be appointed an Elector.

The Electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by Ballot for two Persons, of whom one at least shall not be an Inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a List of all the Persons voted for, and of the Number of Votes for each; which List they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the Seat of the Government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the Presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the Certificates, and the Votes shall then be counted. The Person having the greatest Number of Votes shall be the President, if such Number be a Majority of the whole Number of Electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such Majority, and have an equal Number of Votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately chuse by Ballot one of them for President; and if no Person have a Majority, then from the five highest on the List the said House shall in like Manner chuse the President. But in chusing the President, the Votes shall be taken by States, the Representation from each State having one Vote; A quorum for this Purpose shall consist of a Member or Members from two thirds of the States, and a Majority of all the States shall be necessary to a Choice. In every Case, after the Choice of the President, the Person having the greatest Number of Votes of the Electors shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal Votes, the Senate shall chuse from them by Ballot the Vice President.

The Congress may determine the Time of chusing the Electors, and the Day on which they shall give their Votes; which Day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No Person except a natural born Citizen, or a Citizen of the United States, at the time of the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the Office of President; neither shall any Person be eligible to that Office who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty five Years, and been fourteen Years a Resident within the United States.

In Case of the Removal of the President from Office, or of his Death, Resignation, or Inability to discharge the Powers and Duties of the said Office, the Same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by Law provide for the Case of Removal, Death, Resignation or Inability, both of the President and Vice President, declaring what Officer shall then act as President, and such Officer shall act accordingly, until the Disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated Times, receive for his Services, a Compensation, which shall neither be encreased nor diminished during the Period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that Period any other Emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the Execution of his Office, he shall take the following Oath or Affirmation:—"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the Office of President of the United States, and will to the best of my Ability, preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States."

Section. 2.

The President shall be Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, and of the Militia of the several States, when called into the actual Service of the United States; he may require the Opinion, in writing, of the principal Officer in each of the executive Departments, upon any Subject relating to the Duties of their respective Offices, and he shall have Power to grant Reprieves and Pardons for Offences against the United States, except in Cases of Impeachment.

He shall have Power, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate, to make Treaties, provided two thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the Advice and Consent of the Senate, shall appoint Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, Judges of the supreme Court, and all other Officers of the United States, whose Appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by Law: but the Congress may by Law vest the Appointment of such inferior Officers, as they think proper, in the President alone, in the Courts of Law, or in the Heads of Departments.

The President shall have Power to fill up all Vacancies that may happen during the Recess of the Senate, by granting Commissions which shall expire at the End of their next Session.

Section. 3.

He shall from time to time give to the Congress Information of the State of the Union, and recommend to their Consideration such Measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary Occasions, convene both Houses, or either of them, and in Case of Disagreement between them, with Respect to the Time of Adjournment, he may adjourn them to such Time as he shall think proper; he shall receive Ambassadors and other public Ministers; he shall take Care that the Laws be faithfully executed, and shall Commission all the Officers of the United States.

Section. 4.

The President, Vice President and all civil Officers of the United States, shall be removed from

Office on Impeachment for, and Conviction of, Treason, Bribery, or other high Crimes and Misdemeanors.

Article. III.

Section. 1.

The judicial Power of the United States, shall be vested in one supreme Court, and in such inferior Courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The Judges, both of the supreme and inferior Courts, shall hold their Offices during good Behaviour, and shall, at stated Times, receive for their Services, a Compensation, which shall not be diminished during their Continuance in Office.

Section. 2.

The judicial Power shall extend to all Cases, in Law and Equity, arising under this Constitution, the Laws of the United States, and Treaties made, or which shall be made, under their Authority;—to all Cases affecting Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls;—to all Cases of admiralty and maritime Jurisdiction;—to Controversies to which the United States shall be a Party;—to Controversies between two or more States;— between a State and Citizens of another State,—between Citizens of different States,—between Citizens of the same State claiming Lands under Grants of different States, and between a State, or the Citizens thereof, and foreign States, Citizens or Subjects.

In all Cases affecting Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, and those in which a State shall be Party, the supreme Court shall have original Jurisdiction. In all the other Cases before mentioned, the supreme Court shall have appellate Jurisdiction, both as to Law and Fact, with such Exceptions, and under such Regulations as the Congress shall make.

The Trial of all Crimes, except in Cases of Impeachment, shall be by Jury; and such Trial shall be held in the State where the said Crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the Trial shall be at such Place or Places as the Congress may by Law have directed.

Section. 3.

Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying War against them, or in adhering to their Enemies, giving them Aid and Comfort. No Person shall be convicted of Treason unless on the Testimony of two Witnesses to the same overt Act, or on Confession in open Court.

The Congress shall have Power to declare the Punishment of Treason, but no Attainder of Treason shall work Corruption of Blood, or Forfeiture except during the Life of the Person

attainted.

Article. IV.

Section. 1.

Full Faith and Credit shall be given in each State to the public Acts, Records, and judicial Proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general Laws prescribe the Manner in which such Acts, Records and Proceedings shall be proved, and the Effect thereof.

Section. 2.

The Citizens of each State shall be entitled to all Privileges and Immunities of Citizens in the several States.

A Person charged in any State with Treason, Felony, or other Crime, who shall flee from Justice, and be found in another State, shall on Demand of the executive Authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having Jurisdiction of the Crime.

No Person held to Service or Labour in one State, under the Laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in Consequence of any Law or Regulation therein, be discharged from such Service or Labour, but shall be delivered up on Claim of the Party to whom such Service or Labour may be due.

Section. 3.

New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the Jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the Junction of two or more States, or Parts of States, without the Consent of the Legislatures of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

Section. 4.

The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a Republican Form of Government, and shall protect each of them against Invasion; and on Application of the Legislature, or of the Executive (when the Legislature cannot be convened) against domestic Violence.

Article. V.

The Congress, whenever two thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose Amendments to this Constitution, or, on the Application of the Legislatures of two thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing Amendments, which, in either Case, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes, as Part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three fourths of the several States, or by Conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other Mode of Ratification may be proposed by the Congress; Provided that no Amendment which may be made prior to the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any Manner affect the first and fourth Clauses in the Ninth Section of the first Article; and that no State, without its Consent, shall be deprived of its equal Suffrage in the Senate.

Article. VI.

All Debts contracted and Engagements entered into, before the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority of the United States, shall be the supreme Law of the Land; and the Judges in every State shall be bound thereby, any Thing in the Constitution or Laws of any State to the Contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the Members of the several State Legislatures, and all executive and judicial Officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by Oath or Affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious Test shall ever be required as a Qualification to any Office or public Trust under the United States.

Article. VII.

The Ratification of the Conventions of nine States, shall be sufficient for the Establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the Same.

The Word, "the," being interlined between the seventh and eighth Lines of the first Page, The Word "Thirty" being partly written on an Erasure in the fifteenth Line of the first Page, The Words "is tried" being interlined between the thirty second and thirty third Lines of the first Page and the Word "the" being interlined between the forty third and forty fourth Lines of the second Page.

Attest William Jackson Secretary

done in Convention by the Unanimous Consent of the States present the Seventeenth Day of
September in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and Eighty seven and of the
Independence of the United States of America the Twelfth In witness whereof We have hereunto
subscribed our Names,

G°. Washington

Presidt and deputy from Virginia

Delaware

Geo: Read

Gunning Bedford jun

John Dickinson

Richard Bassett

Jaco: Broom

Maryland

James McHenry

Dan of St Thos. Jenifer

Danl. Carroll

Virginia

John Blair

James Madison Jr.

North Carolina

Wm. Blount

Richd. Dobbs Spaight

Hu Williamson

South Carolina

J. Rutledge

Charles Cotesworth Pinckney

Charles Pinckney

Pierce Butler

Georgia

William Few
Abr Baldwin

New Hampshire

John Langdon
Nicholas Gilman

Massachusetts

Nathaniel Gorham
Rufus King

Connecticut

Wm. Saml. Johnson
Roger Sherman

New York

Alexander Hamilton

New Jersey

Wil: Livingston
David Brearley
Wm. Paterson
Jona: Dayton

Pennsylvania

B Franklin
Thomas Mifflin
Robt. Morris
Geo. Clymer
Thos. FitzSimons
Jared Ingersoll
James Wilson
Gouv Morris

For biographies of the non-signing delegates to the Constitutional Convention, see the Founding Fathers page.

[◀ Back to Main Constitution Page](#)

The U.S. National Archives and Records Administration

1-86-NARA-NARA or 1-866-272-6272

Top

39

...Our Government

The Constitution



The Constitution of the United States of America is the supreme law of the United States. Empowered with the sovereign authority of the people by the framers and the consent of the legislatures of the States, it is the source of all government powers and provides important limitations on the government that protect the fundamental rights of United States citizens.

“

We the People of the United States, in Order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, ensure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and our Posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.”

Why a Constitution?

The need for the Constitution grew out of problems with the Articles of Confederation, which established a “firm league of friendship” between the States, and vested most power in a Congress of the Confederation. This power was, however, extremely limited—the central government conducted diplomacy and made war, set weights and measures, and was the final arbiter of disputes between the states. Crucially, it could not raise any funds itself, and was entirely dependent on the states themselves for the money necessary to operate. Each State sent a delegation of between two and seven members to the Congress, and they voted as a bloc with each State getting one vote. But any decision of consequence required a unanimous vote, which led to a government that was paralyzed and ineffectual.

A movement to reform the Articles began, and invitations to attend a convention in Philadelphia to discuss changes to the Articles were sent to the State legislatures in 1787. In May of that year, delegates from 12 of the 13 states (Rhode Island sent no representatives) convened in Philadelphia to begin the work of redesigning government. The delegates to the Constitutional Convention quickly began work on drafting a new Constitution for the United States.

The Constitutional Convention

A chief aim of the Constitution as drafted by the Convention was to create a government with enough power to act on a national level, but without so much power that fundamental rights would be at risk. One way that this was accomplished was to separate the power of government into three branches, and then to include checks and balances on those powers to assure that no one branch of government gained supremacy. This concern arose largely out of the experience that the delegates had with the King of England and his powerful Parliament. The powers of each branch are enumerated in the Constitution, with powers not assigned to them reserved to the States.

Much of the debate, which was conducted in secret to ensure that delegates spoke their minds, focused on the form that the new legislature would take. Two plans competed to become the new government: the Virginia Plan, which apportioned representation based on the population of each State, and the New Jersey plan, which gave each State an equal vote in Congress. The Virginia Plan was supported by the larger states, and the New Jersey plan preferred by the smaller. In the end, they settled on the Great Compromise (sometimes called the Connecticut Compromise), in which the House of Representatives would represent the people as apportioned by population; the Senate would represent the States apportioned equally; and the President would be elected by the Electoral College. The plan also called for an independent judiciary.

The founders also took pains to establish the relationship between the States. States are required to give “full faith and credit” to the laws, records, contracts, and judicial proceedings of the other States, although Congress may regulate the manner in which the States share records, and define the scope of this clause. States are barred from discriminating against citizens of other States in any way, and cannot enact tariffs against one another. States must also extradite those accused of crimes to other states for trial.

The founders also specified a process by which the Constitution may be amended, and since its ratification, the Constitution has been amended 27 times. In order to prevent arbitrary changes, the process for making amendments is quite onerous. An amendment may be proposed by a two-thirds vote of both Houses of Congress, or, if two-thirds of the States request one, by a convention called for that purpose. The amendment must then be ratified by three-fourths of the State legislatures, or three-fourths of conventions called in each State for ratification. In modern times, amendments have traditionally specified a timeframe in which this must be accomplished, usually a period of several years. Additionally, the Constitution specifies that no amendment can deny a State equal representation in the Senate without that State’s consent.

With the details and language of the Constitution decided, the Convention got down to the work of actually setting the Constitution to paper. It is written in the hand of a delegate from Pennsylvania, Gouverneur Morris, whose job allowed him some reign over the actual punctuation of a few clauses in the Constitution. He is also credited with the famous preamble, quoted at the top of this page. On September 17, 1787, 39 of the 55 delegates signed the new document, with many of those who refused to sign objecting to the lack of a bill of rights. At least one delegate refused to sign because the Constitution codified and protected slavery and the slave trade.

Ratification

The process set out in the Constitution for its ratification provided for much popular debate in the States. The Constitution would take effect once it had been ratified by nine of the thirteen State legislatures; unanimity was not required. During the debate over the Constitution, two factions emerged: the Federalists, who supported adoption, and the Anti-Federalists, who opposed it.

James Madison, Alexander Hamilton, and John Jay set out an eloquent defense of the new Constitution in what came to be called the Federalist Papers. Published anonymously in the newspapers The Independent Journal and The New York Packet under the name Publius between October 1787 and August 1788, the 85 articles that comprise the Federalist Papers remain to this day an invaluable resource for understanding some of the framers' intentions for the Constitution. The most famous of the articles are No. 10, which warns of the dangers of factions and advocates a large republic, and No. 51, which explains the structure of the Constitution, its checks and balances, and how it protects the rights of the people.

The States proceeded to begin ratification, with some debating more intensely than others. Delaware was the first State to ratify, on December 7, 1787. After New Hampshire became the ninth State to ratify, on June 22, 1788, the Confederation Congress established March 9, 1789, as the date to begin operating under the Constitution. By this time, all the States except North Carolina and Rhode Island had ratified—the Ocean State was the last to ratify on May 29, 1790.

The Bill of Rights

One of the principal points of contention between the Federalists and Anti-Federalists was the lack of an enumeration of basic civil rights in the Constitution. Many Federalists argued, as in Federalist No. 84, that the people surrendered no rights in adopting the Constitution. In several States, however, the ratification debate in some states hinged on the adoption of a bill of rights. The solution was known as the Massachusetts Compromise, in which four States ratified the Constitution but at the

44

same time sent recommendations for amendments to the Congress.

James Madison introduced 12 amendments to the First Congress in 1789. Ten of these would go on to become what we now consider to be the Bill of Rights. One was never passed, while another dealing with Congressional salaries was not ratified until 1992, when it became the 27th Amendment. Based on the Virginia Declaration of Rights, the English Bill of Rights, the writings of the Enlightenment, and the rights defined in the Magna Carta, the Bill of Rights contains rights that many today consider to be fundamental to America.

The First Amendment provides that Congress make no law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting its free exercise. It protects freedom of speech, the press, assembly, and the right to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

The Second Amendment gives citizens the right to bear arms.

The Third Amendment prohibits the government from quartering troops in private homes, a major grievance during the American Revolution.

The Fourth Amendment protects citizens from unreasonable search and seizure. The government may not conduct any searches without a warrant, and such warrants must be issued by a judge and based on probable cause.

The Fifth Amendment provides that citizens not be subject to criminal prosecution and punishment without due process. Citizens may not be tried on the same set of facts twice and are protected from self-incrimination (the right to remain silent). The amendment also establishes the power of eminent domain, ensuring that private property is not seized for public use without just compensation.

The Sixth Amendment assures the right to a speedy trial by a jury of one's peers, to be informed of the crimes with which one is charged, and to confront the witnesses

45

brought forward by the government. The amendment also provides the accused the right to compel testimony from witnesses, as well as the right to legal representation.

The Seventh Amendment provides that civil cases preserve the right to trial by jury.

The Eighth Amendment prohibits excessive bail, excessive fines, and cruel and unusual punishments.

The Ninth Amendment states that the list of rights enumerated in the Constitution is not exhaustive, and that the people retain all rights not enumerated.

The Tenth Amendment assigns all powers not delegated to the United States, or prohibited to the States, to either the States or to the people.

Learn more about the Constitution [🔗](#).

The White House

President Donald J. Trump

Vice President Mike Pence

First Lady Melania Trump

Mrs. Karen Pence

The Cabinet

Administration Accomplishments

News

Remarks

Articles

Presidential Actions

Briefings & Statements

About The White House

Economy & Jobs

Council of Economic Advisers

46

Budget & Spending

Education

Immigration

National Security & Defense

Healthcare

Council of Environmental Quality

National Security Council

Office of Management and Budget

Office of National Drug Control Policy

Office of Science and Technology Policy

We have a once-in-a-generation opportunity

<https://mail.aol.com/webmail-std/en-us/PrintMessage>

From: team@childrenshealthdefense.org,

To: we4the4people@aol.com,

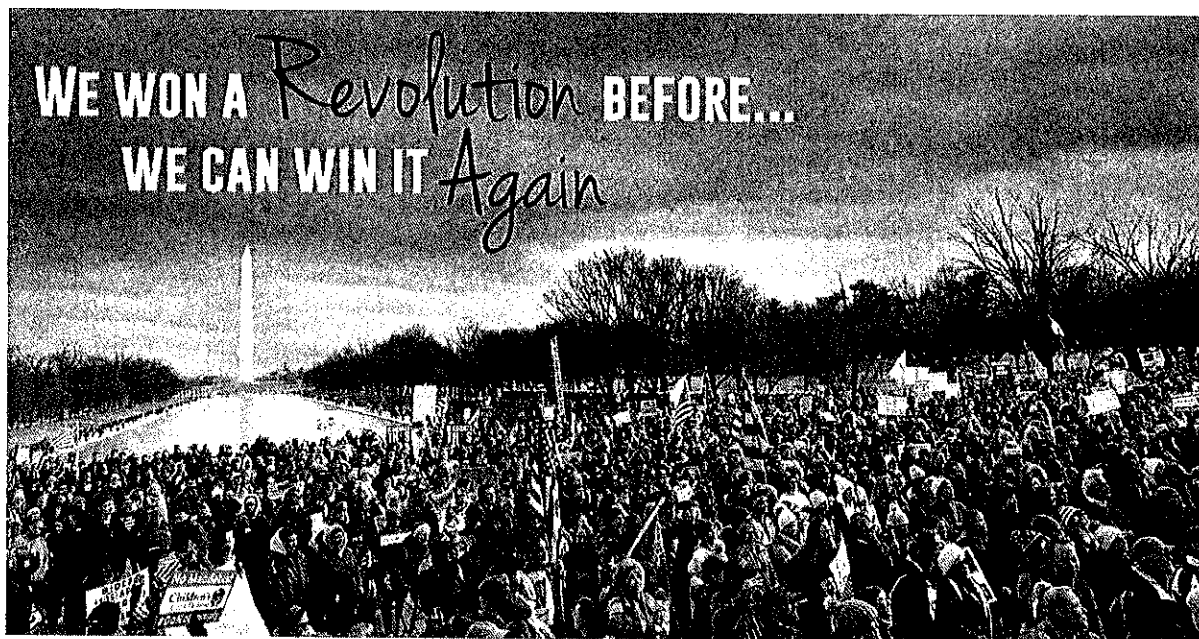
Subject: We have a once-in-a-generation opportunity

Date: Sat, Dec 31, 2022 12:40 pm

E-Scan / VCC CEC BOT

Having trouble viewing this email? View it in your web browser

Children's Health Defense



Dear Kimberlee,

The last three years will go down in history as a time when the medical-industrial-complex mounted a war against our children, closing schools, masking and isolating kids . . . and most recently, *authorizing COVID bivalent vaccines for babies as young as 6 months old, with zero data for this age group.*

Despite these disasters, 2022 will go down in history as a year of unprecedented growth for the medical freedom movement.

We have the momentum now to take back our country, reclaim our freedom, and protect our children.

Please make a generous year-end tax-deductible donation today to help us make 2023 the breakthrough year for the medical freedom movement.

Throughout the pandemic, mainstream and legacy media have devolved into the servile scribes of Big Pharma and its captive public health agencies.

(48)

That fact makes this recent New York Times headline — “*Opposition to School Vaccine Mandates Has Grown Significantly, Study Finds*” — all the more extraordinary.

Beneath the headline, The Times wrote: *“A third of parents now feel they should be the ones to decide whether to get their children immunized against measles, mumps and other childhood diseases.”*

This reporting represents a staggering break from The Times’ mindless and consistent parroting of the “safe and effective” narrative ... and its relentless vilification of anyone who dares question the official orthodoxy.

It also shows that we are winning in the court of public opinion.

It’s shameful that it took hundreds of thousands of injuries and deaths from vaccines that never should have been released into the market — much less mandated — to shine a long-overdue light on the issue of vaccine safety.

But thanks to your support of our work in the arenas of law, science, public education and advocacy, we’ve created new opportunities to protect America’s children.

For the first time since this COVID vaccine nightmare began, there are clear signs that the medical cartel’s propaganda offensive is crumbling.

In 2022, the courts ruled against President Biden’s draconian mandate for federal workers.

They ruled against Pfizer and the FDA’s attempt to hide critical documents from the public.

They ruled against the Washington, D.C. school district’s plan to vaccinate kids as young as 11 without parental consent.

And just this month, Congress passed a bill that struck down the COVID vaccine mandate for members of the U.S. Armed Forces.

As we near the end of 2022, we deserve to celebrate these victories, each one born of dogged determination and raw courage in the face of unprecedented intimidation.

However, as we look to a new year, we see a steep hill.

Because as we grow stronger, the industrial-medical-biosecurity complex is upping the ante with ever-more sophisticated surveillance infrastructure and new ways to obliterate dissent.

49

Our adversaries are ruthless, craven, and relentless . . . they've turned this decades-long battle for medical freedom into a battle for the soul of our democracy.

But I know we can win this fight.

We had a revolution once in this country that nobody believed we could win.

We have another one now, and with your support, we're going to win it.

Please make a generous year-end tax-deductible donation today to help us make 2023 the breakthrough year for the medical freedom movement.

For our children's future,



Robert F. Kennedy, Jr.

Chairman, Children's Health Defense

P.S. We have a once-in-a-generation opportunity to reform the dangerous and deadly relationship between government and Big Pharma. Please support our work with a generous year-end donation today. Thank you

50

Children's Health Defense
852 Franklin Ave., Suite 511
Franklin Lakes, New Jersey 07417
Contact Us

Want to change how many emails you receive?
You can update your preferences or unsubscribe below.

Unsubscribe or Manage Your
Preferences

(51)



Right to Know Hazardous Substance Fact Sheet

Common Name: **SULFUR**

Synonyms: Brimstone; Colloidal Sulfur; Molten Sulfur

Chemical Name: Sulfur

Date: August 2002 Revision: April 2011

CAS Number: 7704-34-9

RTK Substance Number: 1757

DOT Number: UN 1350
UN 2448 (Molten)

Description and Use

Sulfur is a pale yellow, crystalline (sand-like) solid that is odorless when pure or may have a faint "rotten egg" odor. **Sulfur** is often transported in a *molten* state that is an amber-colored liquid. It is used in making *Sulfuric Acid*, rubbers, detergents, fungicides and fertilizers, and in petroleum refining.

Reasons for Citation

- **Sulfur** is on the Right to Know Hazardous Substance List because it is cited by DOT and NFPA.

SEE GLOSSARY ON PAGE 5.

FIRST AID

Eye Contact

- Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses, if worn, while flushing. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact

- Quickly remove contaminated clothing. Immediately wash contaminated skin with large amounts of soap and water.

Inhalation

- Remove the person from exposure.
- Begin rescue breathing (using universal precautions) if breathing has stopped and CPR if heart action has stopped.
- Transfer promptly to a medical facility.

EMERGENCY NUMBERS

Poison Control: 1-800-222-1222

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

NJDEP Hotline: 1-877-927-6337

National Response Center: 1-800-424-8802

EMERGENCY RESPONDERS >>>> SEE LAST PAGE

Hazard Summary

Hazard Rating	NJDOH	NFPA
HEALTH	-	2
FLAMMABILITY	-	1
REACTIVITY	-	0
FLAMMABLE (MOLTEN) COMBUSTIBLE POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE IN FIRE		

Hazard Rating Key: 0=minimal; 1=slight; 2=moderate; 3=serious; 4=severe

- **Sulfur** can affect you when inhaled.
- Contact can severely irritate and burn the skin and eyes with possible eye damage.
- Inhaling **Sulfur** can irritate the nose, throat and lungs.
- Exposure to **Sulfur** can cause headache, nausea and vomiting.
- **Sulfur** may cause an asthma-like allergy.
- *Molten Sulfur* is FLAMMABLE and can release poisonous gases such as *Hydrogen Sulfide*.
- For more information, consult the Right to Know Hazardous Substance Fact Sheet on *HYDROGEN SULFIDE*.

Workplace Exposure Limits

The following exposure limits are for *Hydrogen Sulfide*:

NIOSH: The recommended airborne exposure limit (REL) is **10 ppm**, which should not be exceeded during any 10-minute work period.

ACGIH: The threshold limit value (TLV) is **1 ppm** averaged over an 8-hour workshift and **5 ppm** as a STEL (short-term exposure limit).

52

This firm is working to control the climate. Should the world let it?

A balloon purchased on Amazon, a rogue experiment, and the ethics of dimming the sun

By [Shannon Osaka](#)

January 9, 2023 at 6:00 a.m. EST

In April 2022, in the Baja California region of Mexico near the Sea of Cortez, a man named Luke Iseman took a few grams of sulfur, lit it on fire and pumped the resulting gas into a six-foot helium balloon he bought on Amazon. Then he released the balloon into the bright sky, letting it sail. In the high atmosphere, he hoped, the balloon would burst and release sulfur dioxide particles — reflecting the sun's rays and microscopically cooling the Earth.

To some scientists, this move, first reported by MIT Technology Review, was a pointless stunt. To others, it marked the first-ever-recorded act of stratospheric solar geoengineering — a controversial technology that could blunt the Earth's rising temperatures.

Iseman is the founder and CEO of Make Sunsets — a two-person firm that plans several more test flights this month. His start-up has triggered the worst fears of researchers who have struggled for decades to establish ground rules for solar geoengineering. The technology has almost always been seen as a last resort to counter runaway warming. Make Sunsets is not only promising to deploy this break-the-glass approach *now* — but to sell it for profit.

Iseman, 39, acknowledges that he is, in many ways, a geoengineering novice. A former director of hardware for the start-up incubator Y Combinator, he got interested in the subject by reading Neal Stephenson's novel "Termination Shock." (The book features a rogue Texas oil billionaire who uses a gigantic gun to fire sulfur into the air.)

The idea of reflecting sunlight to curb climate change has been around almost as long as humanity has been worried about an overheated planet. The very first climate report given to a U.S. president — Lyndon B. Johnson, in 1965 — suggested brightening the oceans' surface, rather than curbing fossil fuel use.

Researchers have largely focused on the idea of injecting sulfur aerosols into the stratosphere, 12 miles into the air, to reflect sunlight and cool down the Earth. Nature does this already: After Mount Pinatubo in the Philippines erupted in 1991, sending 20 million tons of sulfur dioxide spewing into the atmosphere, global temperatures fell by about 1 degree Fahrenheit the following year.

Now, as temperatures around the world continue to rise, “stratospheric solar geoengineering,” as it’s called, is inching ahead. In 2021, the National Academies of Science released a report recommending that the United States “cautiously pursue” solar geoengineering research given the urgency of climate change. The White House is coordinating a five-year research plan. A major project at Harvard University to use balloons to test releasing sulfur particles in the atmosphere, SCoPEX, has been in the works for years.

Trying it out in the real world, however, remains contentious. In 2021, SCoPEX researchers planned to launch a balloon and gondola in Kiruna, Sweden — not to release any particles, but to test their instruments. They ultimately canceled the experiment in the face of public opposition from Indigenous and environmental groups.

Most scientists agree that even research into geoengineering — let alone actually releasing sulfur particles — should involve consulting local communities and governments. While the risks of small-scale releases are low, critics fear they could pave a path to larger ones that would affect agriculture and temperatures around the world in unpredictable ways.

Iseman, by his own account, conducted the balloon flight alone, without consulting any members of the public, a scientific team or local authorities in Mexico.

From a climate perspective, the project was probably harmless. The quantity of aerosols the company released was negligible: Iseman estimated that his balloon only dispersed “a few grams” of SO₂. The United States alone releases approximately 1.8 million tons of SO₂ every year, from factories, power plants, cars and other sources. (The balloon also didn’t include instruments to collect data; Iseman said he didn’t have any available, and it’s possible that the payload actually never made it to the stratosphere.)

But it also speaks to the allure and the strangeness of some types of geoengineering: Almost anyone can do it. More than a decade ago, Russ George, an American entrepreneur, dumped 100 tons of iron sulfate off a rented fishing boat and into the Pacific Ocean off the coast of Canada, trying to create an algal bloom that would absorb CO₂ from the atmosphere. Many policy experts and scientists criticized the move, and the Canadian government initially investigated him for illegal dumping. (George still defends his actions, saying that he had notified Canadian authorities in advance.)

Iseman said in a video interview with The Washington Post that he was frustrated by delays to other projects, and wanted to know if the process was as simple as he imagined. “It was mainly to see that I could do it.”

“This field is not moving forward,” he added. “We’re the guys willing to go out on a limb.”

Some experts worry that the new company could set a dangerous precedent. Jesse Reynolds, an expert in solar geoengineering governance and law, pointed to the Oxford Principles for Geoengineering, a set of guidelines for research into the field that include public engagement, independent assessment of possible impacts and more.

“I looked at the five Oxford principles and they’re acting in a way that’s consistent with none of them,” Reynolds said. While it’s unlikely that the company is currently breaking any laws — due largely, he said, to the minuscule scale that it’s currently operating on — he worries that it could erode the careful norms around a new technology that have taken decades to establish.

"This is something where decisions should be made by governments, informed by the broader public," Reynolds said.

Iseman argued that his work is critical, given the current state of the planet. Before starting the company, he said, he was depressed by what's happening with the climate and how slow humanity has been to act to cut emissions. "Every day that we don't inject sulfur dioxide into the stratosphere as responsibly as the state of the science will let us and as much as we can economically, species are needlessly going extinct and people are dying," he said.

To pay for the company's operations, according to Iseman and his co-founder, Andrew Song, Make Sunsets will sell "cooling credits" on the theory that a single gram of sulfur dioxide, released into the stratosphere, lowers global temperatures equal to keeping a ton of carbon dioxide out of the atmosphere for a year. Their website already provides an option to spend \$10 to buy a single "cooling credit" worth a gram of SO₂.

Under this business model, Iseman said, Make Sunsets has raised \$750,000 from investors including Boost VC and Pioneer Fund. Boost VC confirmed in an email that it has supported the venture with \$500,000; Pioneer Fund did not respond to a request for comment but lists the company in its online portfolio.

Several experts, including David Keith, a Harvard University professor and a lead researcher for the SCoPEX project, question the idea of selling such offsets. As a rough estimate, Keith said, one gram of SO₂ offsets the warming effect of one ton of CO₂. But sulfur dioxide decays in the atmosphere, only remaining for a year or two. Carbon dioxide, on the other hand, remains in the atmosphere for hundreds of years. If a person emitted a ton of carbon dioxide in 2023, therefore, they would have to continue paying Make Sunsets \$10 a year to offset the warming of that ton for centuries.

The offsets' low price, Keith said, could inspire people to buy them rather than cut emissions or remove CO₂ from the atmosphere. If buyers rushed in, he added, so much sulfur dioxide could be released that it could lead global temperatures to plummet, or devalue a market that now funds projects protecting rainforests or storing CO₂ deep underground.

"Solar geoengineering appears to be so cheap that if you ever connected those markets, you would either freeze the planet — or destroy the legitimate market for cutting emissions," he said.

And reflecting sunlight, of course, does not actually remove carbon dioxide from the atmosphere. It can help curb temperatures, but it doesn't address other effects of high carbon dioxide emissions, such as ocean acidification.

Iseman said he supports removing carbon dioxide from the atmosphere, and his company's credits could be "bundled" with other forms of carbon offsets. "What I want people to do is pay \$20 per ton, and I want that to consist of carbon dioxide removal and us," he said.

Right now, not many people seem tempted. Apart from their early investors, Song said, Make Sunsets had 17 or 18 orders for cooling credits as of early January.

55

Geoengineering experts are generally not concerned that the company will do serious harm to the atmosphere. If the

operation got much larger, they said, governments and local authorities would likely intervene. But they worry that such operations could set back the pace of other research, or spark copycats who might try their own ventures.

Reynolds says it's a question of which values should rule in an era of rising temperatures and frustration: the start-up mentality or that of researchers and nations.

"This is the 'move fast and break things' worldview," he said.

56

The Power of the Consent Agenda

Consent Agendas

The consent agenda is a tool used to streamline meeting procedures by collecting routine, non-controversial items into a group whereby all are passed with a single motion and vote. This method has grown in popularity in recent years and there are many variations on the theme to meet specific needs. In some meetings, the actual items to be placed on each consent agenda are selected by policy. In others, an agenda committee chooses the consent items.

The presiding officer announces the items on the consent agenda, asks if any item should be removed, then declares the consent agenda adopted unless there's objection. Commonly, no debate is allowed on the consent agenda or on any item included in it. In some organizations, the motion for adoption must receive unanimous approval.

Consent items may be read by title only in the body of a single consent agenda resolution. However, any director can have an item removed from the consent agenda for separate consideration. The remainder of the consent agenda can be voted on, omitting the challenged items.

Association Policy to Use Consent Agendas

The chairman, in consultation with the board of directors, may place items on the consent agenda. By using a consent agenda, the board has consented to the consideration of certain items as a group under one motion. Should a consent agenda be used, an appropriate amount of discussion time will be allowed to review any item upon request.

Consent items are those which usually do not require discussion or explanation prior to board action, are non-controversial and/or similar in content, or are those items which have already been discussed and/or explained and do not require further discussion or explanation. Such agenda items might include ministerial tasks such as, but not limited to, approval of the agenda, approval of previous minutes, approval of bills, approval of reports, etc. These items might also include similar groups of decisions such as, but not limited to, approval of staff contracts, approval of minutes, finances and reports.

An individual director for consideration may remove items from the consent agenda by a timely request of the chairman. A request is timely if made prior to the vote on the consent agenda. The request does not require a second or a vote by the board. An item removed from the consent agenda will then be discussed and acted on separately immediately following the consideration of the consent agenda.

Consent agenda items are approved en masse by one vote of the board. The consent agenda items shall be separately recorded in the minutes.

Q: What is a "Consent Agenda" and how will it make our meetings go faster?

At every board meeting, at least a few items come to the agenda that do not need any discussion or debate either because they are routine procedures or are already unanimous consent. A consent agenda (Roberts Rules of Order calls it a consent calendar) allows the board to approve all these items together without discussion or individual motions. Depending upon the organization, this can free up anywhere from a few minutes to a half hour for more substantial discussion..

What belongs on the consent agenda?

Typical consent agenda items are routine, procedural decisions, and decisions that are likely to be noncontroversial. Examples include:

- Approval of the minutes;
- Final approval of proposals or reports that the board has been dealing with for some time and all members are familiar with the implications;
- Routine matters such as appointments to committees;
- Staff appointments requiring board confirmation;
- Reports provided for information only;
- Correspondence requiring no action.

How are consent items handled?

A consent agenda can only work if the reports, and other matters for the meeting agenda are known in advance and distributed with agenda package in sufficient time to be read by all members prior to the meeting. A typical procedure is as follows:

1. When preparing the meeting agenda, the president or chairperson determines whether an item belongs on the consent agenda.
2. The president prepares a numbered list of the consent items as part of, or as an attachment to the meeting agenda.
3. The list and supporting documents are included in the board's agenda package in sufficient time to be read by all members prior to the meeting.
4. At the beginning of the meeting, the chair asks members what items they wish to be removed from the consent agenda and discussed individually.
5. If any member requests that an item be removed from the consent agenda, it must be removed. Members may request that an item be removed for any reason. They may wish, for example, to discuss the item, to query the item, or to register a vote against the item.
6. Once it has been removed, the chair can decide whether to take up the matter immediately or place it on the regular meeting agenda.
7. When there are no more items to be removed, the chair or secretary reads out the numbers of the remaining consent items. Then the chair states: "If there is no objection, these items will be adopted." After pausing for any objections, the chair states "As there are no objections, these items are adopted." It is not necessary to ask for a show of hands.
8. When preparing the minutes, the Secretary includes the full text of the resolutions, reports or recommendations that were adopted as part of the consent agenda.

How to start using a consent agenda

In order to start using a consent agenda, the board should first adopt a rule of order allowing for

the consent agenda process. Parliamentarian Colette Collier Trohan CPP-T, PRP
www.cctrohan.com suggests the following rule:

“A consent agenda may be presented by the president at the beginning of a meeting. Items may be removed from the consent agenda on the request of any one member. Items not removed may be adopted by general consent without debate. Removed items may be taken up either immediately after the consent agenda or placed later on the agenda at the discretion of the assembly.

It is important to make sure that all directors know what items belong on the agenda and how to move items to and from the consent agenda. For this reason, instruction on using the consent agenda should be part of the board orientation program.



Register now for your free, tailored, daily legal newsfeed service.

Questions? Please contact customerservices@lexology.com

Register

Robert's Rules 'Lite' and Consent Agendas: 6 Tips for Running Efficient and Effective Meetings

Barnes & Thornburg LLP



USA | April 29 2019

Whether you are running your organization's board, committee or membership meeting, being both efficient (from a time standpoint) and effective (from a goals/follow-up standpoint) are critical. Yet in our busy daily lives, organizing and running meetings often is a rushed task – meetings tend to run long and follow-up is often lacking. Here are six tips for running efficient and effective meetings:

1. Consider Use of a Consent Agenda

Agenda items that are non-controversial nature could be included on a consent agenda. This would include reports such as those relating to membership or communications. If the reports are typically read or given at a meeting with little to no discussion, consider including those items in a consent agenda. The consent agenda is distributed at the same time the meeting agenda is sent and contains all of the various reports.

The consent agenda is listed on the meeting agenda – typically as the second item of business after approving the minutes of the previous meeting. The motion is made to accept the consent agenda, the motion is seconded and then any discussion is made regarding the items in the consent agenda. After any discussion is concluded, the group votes to approve the consent agenda which means that if approved, all items in the consent agenda are approved as well.

Note that the consent agenda is not a good vehicle for items that are typically discussed and debated at board meetings, including changes to board policies and discussion of fiscal items and expenditures.

2. Distribute Meeting Notice and Agenda

Unless otherwise specified in the organization's bylaws, the notice of the meeting can be distributed electronically and should be sent within the timeline required by the organization's bylaws. The agenda, along with any consent agenda, should be included with the meeting notice whenever possible. Any confidential documents should be presented in person at a live meeting or sent via email in a password-protected document for a meeting conducted by telephone or other electronic means. The notice should also remind recipients that the materials are confidential and that they should not forward or otherwise distribute the materials.

We use cookies to give you the best online experience. By clicking "Accept Cookies" or clicking into any content on this site, you agree to allow cookies to be placed. To find out more visit our [cookie policy](#).

60

When a new chair takes over the organization, have a conversation with the group and do a “pulse check” as to how the group would like to run the meetings. Some groups like to use formal parliamentary procedure, such as that found in Robert’s Rules of Order, but others find such a format too formal. As such Robert’s Rules ‘Lite’ – the basics of Robert’s Rules – could be in order. That means the rules regarding motions made, seconded, discussion, voting, etc. are followed, but the various other parliamentary motions and procedures are not followed. In the end, the group should decide the rules as to how it wants the meetings to be run, so that they feel comfortable coming to the meetings and in participating in the process.

4. Prepare Proper Minutes

One common mistake groups often make is that they prepare minutes of the meeting as if they were a “transcript” of the meeting, rather than a summary of the action items from the meeting. Minutes should show the topics that were addressed at the meeting and the action/motion that was taken as a result of discussion on the topic. One strategy in preparing minutes is to use the agenda and then list the action items, motions and next steps that arise out of the discussion under the corresponding topic in the agenda. That way, the agenda can be used both as an agenda and as a format for the meeting minutes.

Many also ask whether the minutes should list the name of the motion maker and the person who seconds the motion. Unless the group has a long history of doing so or has been advised otherwise by its legal counsel, listing of the names is not required. So the minutes would be phrased as “Motion made, seconded, all approved,” as opposed to “Motion made (Smith), seconded (Jones), all approved.”

5. Develop a Policy for Meeting by Telephone or Electronic Means

For organizations that frequently meet via phone or electronic means, it is a good idea to develop a policy as to how such meetings should be conducted. For example, one good practice is to ensure that before each person speaks they say, “This is [NAME]....” Also, if a person needs to exit the meeting before it adjourns or needs to enter the meeting after it has started, the minutes should reflect the times the person arrived or departed. Also, when voting, a typical voice vote is sufficient, but if the results of such voice vote are not conclusive, a roll call vote should be taken.

6. Prepare a List of Follow up Items/Dashboard

Meeting participants are often frustrated by the fact that they discuss many items and make decisions during the meeting, but that by the next meeting, there is no follow-up on the status of the tasks. As such, one best practice is to add a “dashboard” or “to-do” list at the end of the minutes to keep everyone on track as to what tasks are outstanding, who is responsible for the tasks and when the tasks are to be completed. This is a good way to keep everyone on track and to advance the decisions made during the meeting.

So the next time you are called upon to run a meeting, remember these tips and do your best to make the most and best use of everyone’s time in order to advance the mission of the organization.

Barnes & Thornburg LLP - Barbara F. Dunn

Powered by

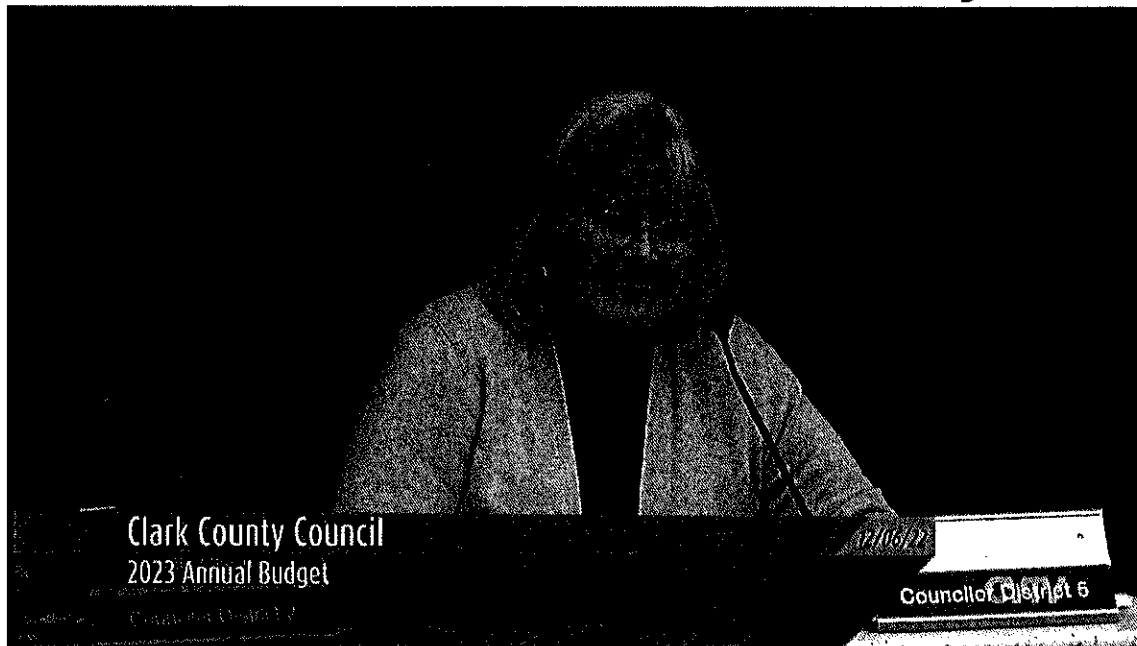
LEXOLOGY.

We use cookies to give you the best online experience. By clicking "Accept Cookies" or clicking into any content on this site, you agree to allow cookies to be placed. To find out more visit our [cookie policy](#)

61

From: mail@sendfoxmail.com,
To: we4the4people@aol.com,
Subject: D5 Voters Feel Duped With Tax & Spend Sue - Benton Recount Could Finish Friday - Semi Bird Event Next Week
Date: Thu, Dec 8, 2022 9:57 am

Tax & Spend Sue Marshall Laughs As She Raises Taxes Needlessly



This screenshot was snapped at the exact time when Sue was talking about this tax increase being one of her first votes... I'm not kidding. Imagine that, you laugh as you cast the deciding vote to increase taxes.

Even though the County Manager proposed a budget that showed that a 1% hike in sales tax wasn't needed, just like the Olympia Democrats that voted for tax increases with a current surplus, Sue voted with Olson and Lentz to raise taxes.

Here are a couple more observations of the day...

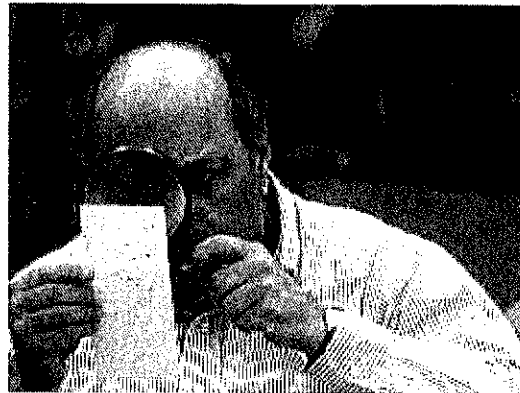
- I noticed during the invocation that she refused to pray or bow her head during the prayer.
- She asked token questions on the Chelatchee Prairie vote that even Julie Olson tried to educate her that it was really an inconsequential issue that she brought up (not the overall issue but the technicality question she presented). She was way over her skis.

(62)

- Sue seemed to be reading her talking point notes that seemed to be in concert with Temple and Olson... she's going to put the Democrat party first and if it helps their party she might throw North County property rights people a bone but don't hold your breath.
- Her campaign rhetoric of ***"My candidacy will provide voters a clear choice to elect someone not rooted in partisan politics"*** was an absolute lie and something she never intended to follow through on.

Benton Recount Continues!

Tuesday marked the beginning of the manual recount which mostly comprised of separating D5 ballots from the batches to prepare for the actual manual recount that will take place on Friday. Please support the recount efforts or volunteer for Friday. It's believed that they might be able to complete the recount on Friday.



Having trust in our elections is worth our efforts.

Everything was pretty smooth except that apparently, Mr. Kimsey is very uncomfortable with scrutiny and I'm still living rent-free in his head. At one point, Kimsey told me I couldn't be on my phone (BTW, which stayed in my pocket the whole time) while he was... on his phone. When I pointed that fact out he sharply said "I'm the Auditor, I can be on my phone. Observers aren't allowed."

As of Wednesday, the ballots are now all sorted in their precinct stacks and ready to be manually recounted on Friday.

Don Benton Needs Our Support To Help With The Costs Of This Manual Recount

CLICK HERE TO GIVE

63

From: hello@therealanthonyfaucimovie.com,
To: we4the4people@aol.com,
Subject: nitric oxide- the need to know
Date: Sun, Jan 8, 2023 5:51 pm

THE REAL **Anthony Fauci** THE MOVIE

What do you think when you hear “nitric oxide”?

If your response is anything other than, “I need more of that” then you will absolutely want to keep reading.

When it comes to staying healthy, we believe in cultivating true health from the inside out.

It’s a theme that we hopelessly wished would have been front and center during the recent pandemic.

It’s something everyone can do in baby steps by adopting healthy habits such as proper diet and exercise, a fulfilling family and social life, and a personal spiritual practice.

Yet, even healthy people sometimes get sick.

In uncertain times, such as during the p@ndemic, it’s even more important to keep your immune system functioning optimally.

That’s where nitric oxide comes into play.

Ever heard of it?

64

Nitric oxide is the miracle gas molecule your body naturally produces.

It supports nearly every organ and system in your body, including your immune system...

... by regulating immune cells and fighting off bacteria, viruses, and their biofilms that contribute to chronic infection.

Get this...

... Did you know that nitric oxide has been studied and used to fight off other variants of coron@ viruses?

A 2005 study showed that nitric oxide significantly inhibits the replication cycle of SARS-CoV and inhibits viral protein and RNA synthesis.

Does that make your blood boil a bit that we knew that back in 2005... and there wasn't a peep about it from "America's Doctor"?

Today, nitric oxide is being tested in clinical trials as a potential treatment for people with the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2.

All things COVID aside... unfortunately nitric oxide is a largely overlooked, under utilized and unknown tool by most people.

You're personally paying the consequence for that with your own health.

So here's what we're going to do...

65

Jeff Hays is sitting down with the world's leading expert on nitric oxide, John Hewlett. And you need to hear this...

We're having a personal conversation on **Tuesday, January 10th** to talk all things nitric oxide.

Sound nerdy?

Think again!

If you want better brain function, a rockin' immune system, solid gut health, lower toxicity, cardiovascular wellness, cancer resistance, better physical performance, etc... etc.

Then you **NEED TO LISTEN IN.**

Consider this your personal invite to join the call with Jeff and John.

Again, **Tuesday, January 10th at 6 PM PST, 7 PM MST, 8 PM CST and 9 PM EST.**

Claim your seat HERE.

WARNING: the last live call we did a couple weeks ago hit the attendee limit in less than 1 minute!

A lot of people that registered were not able to get in on the call.

So register early and be sure to show up early so you don't miss any of this transformational conversation.

CLICK HERE TO RESERVE YOUR SPOT

66

With appreciation,
The Real Anthony Fauci Movie Team

PS. Have a nitric oxide question you'd like John to answer? Hit reply to this email and let us know and I'll add it to the list.

- We'll be talking nitric oxide and immunity
- How to naturally boost your nitric oxide production
- Foods with the best nitric oxide to improve your diet
- How your body uses nitric oxide
- The many ways nitric oxide benefits your overall health

...and MUCH, MUCH MORE!

If you happen to purchase anything Jeff Hays Films recommends, in this or any of our communications, it's likely we will receive some kind of affiliate compensation. Still, we only recommend stuff that we truly believe in and share with our friends and family. If you ever have an issue with anything we recommend please let us know. We want to make sure we are always serving you at the highest level. FTC DISCLOSURE: Any health claims shared by viewers, students, friends, subscribers, or clients are understood to be true and accurate, but are not verified in any way. Any products, programs, or personal recommendations made in this or any email communication from Jeff Hays Films for 3rd parties will likely result in some form of compensation from said 3rd party. Always do your own due diligence and use your own judgment when making buying decisions and investments. Always consult a

physician before making any health-related decisions. For more information [click here](#) for our terms of service. *Results may not be typical and may vary from person to person.

The Privacy Policy

pertains to the online information collection practices for Revealed Films. Specifically, it outlines the types of information that we gather about you while you are using any Revealed Films ("RF") website (the "Site") and any or all of its subdomains; and the ways in which we use this information.

By visiting and using the Site, you agree that any dispute over privacy is governed by this Privacy Policy. Because the internet is ever-evolving, we may change our Privacy Policy at some point in the future and post the changes to this Privacy Policy on this website and update the Effective Date. of the policy to reflect the date of the changes. By continuing to use the Site, you accept the Privacy Policy as modified.

How We Collect and Use Information

We may collect and store personal or other information that you voluntarily supply to us online while using the Site (e.g., while on the Site or in responding via email to a feature provided on the Site). RF only contacts individuals who specifically request that we do so or in the event that they have signed up to receive our messaging, attended one of our events, or have purchased or have been gifted one of our products. RF collects personally identifying information from our users during online registration and online purchasing. Generally, this information includes name and e-mail address for registration or opt-in purposes and name, postal address, and credit card information when registering for our events or purchasing our products. All of this information is provided to us by you.

We also collect and store information that is generated automatically as you navigate online through the Site. For example, we may collect information about your computer's connection to the Internet, which allows us, among other things, to improve the delivery of our web pages to you and to measure traffic on the Site. We also may use a standard feature found in browser software called a "cookie" to enhance your experience with the Site. Cookies are small files that your web browser places on your hard drive for record-keeping purposes. By showing how and when visitors use the Site, cookies help us deliver advertisements, identify how many unique users visit us, and track user trends and patterns. They also prevent you from having to re-enter your preferences on certain areas of the Site where you may have entered preference information before. The Site also may use web beacons (single-pixel graphic files also known as "transparent GIFs") to access cookies and to count users who visit the Site or open HTML-formatted email messages.

We use the information we collect from you while you are using the Site in a variety of ways, including using the information to customize features; advertising that appear on the Site; and, making other offers available to you via email, direct mail or otherwise. We also may provide your information to third parties, such as service providers contractors and third-party publishers and advertisers for a variety of purposes. Unless you inform us in accordance with the process described below, we reserve the right to use, and to disclose to third parties, all of the information collected from and about you while you are using the Site in any way and for any purpose, such as to enable us or a third party to provide you with information about products and services. If you do not wish your information to be used for these purposes, you must send a letter to the Online Privacy Coordinator whose address is listed at the end of this Privacy Policy requesting to be taken off any lists of information that may be used for these purposes or that may be given or sold to third-parties.

Please keep in mind that whenever you voluntarily make your personal information available for viewing by third parties online – for example on message boards, weblogs, through email, or in chat areas – that information can be seen, collected and used by others besides us. We cannot be responsible for any

(68)

unauthorized third-party use of such information.

Some of our third-party advertisers and ad servers that place and present advertising on the Site also may collect information from you via cookies, web beacons or similar technologies. These third-party advertisers and ad servers may use the information they collect to help present their advertisements, to help measure and research the advertisements' effectiveness, or for other purposes. The use and collection of your information by these third-party advertisers and ad servers is governed by the relevant third-party's privacy policy and is not covered by our Privacy Policy. Indeed, the privacy policies of these third-party advertisers and ad servers may be different from ours. If you have any concerns about a third party's use of cookies or web beacons or use of your information, you should visit that party's website and review its privacy policy.

The Site also includes links to other websites and provides access to products and services offered by third parties, whose privacy policies we do not control. When you access another website or purchase third-party products or services through the Site, use of any information you provide is governed by the privacy policy of the operator of the site you are visiting or the provider of such products or services.

This email was sent to we4the4people@aol.com by
hello@therealanthonyfaucimovie.com

870 E North Union Ave, Midvale, UT 84047

[Edit Profile](#) | [Manage Subscriptions](#) | [Report Spam](#)

From: stevekirsch@substack.com,
To: we4the4people@aol.com,
Subject: Exclusive: 6X higher death rate post-vax in Australia nursing home!
Date: Mon, Jan 9, 2023 12:18 pm

[Open in app](#) or [online](#)

Exclusive: 6X higher death rate post-vax in Australia nursing home!

I invite every fact checker in the world to fact check me on this one. I have the name of the facility. It's critically important that this be validated so that the world is informed of the risk.

STEVE KIRSCH
JAN 9



SAVE

▶ LISTEN



After I posted a story of a large geriatric practice which experienced a 3X increase in all-cause mortality post-vaccine (all of the excess deaths were attributed to the vaccine), I received an even more extraordinary story of a nursing home in Australia

where the death rate post-vaccine skyrocketed by 6X after the vaccines rolled out (from 3 to 4 per year to at least 24 over a 12 month period) which killed 33% of the residents of the facility:



TerryA Jan 8 · edited 3 hr ago Pinned

I have first-hand experience in my mother's nursing home in Melbourne, Australia. They have an average resident occupation of around 75 in a facility with 80 rooms. Between September 2021 and August 2022, they lost at least 24 residents, my mother was number 23 (no deaths are listed for October, but there is reason to believe there were deaths). So they lost 1/3 of their residents in 12 months. Normally they would lose 3-4 per year. I'm sure that, like my mother, they would have been at least boosted once. They used to publish a newsletter that listed departures, deaths, but that stopped in October 2021, when they reported 2 residents dying in September. I wonder why they stopped publishing? The only reason I know all these people died, was that in September 2022 they held memorial service for all that had died in the previous year. They presented a photo of each with date of death. In the week that my mother died August 2022, 4 others died. Thus total number of deaths is off the charts. No wonder my mother's room was still vacant 2 weeks after her death.

109 Reply Gift a subscription Collapse

67 replies by Steve Kirsch and others

I am in contact with the poster and have the name of the nursing home where this took place.

I'm inviting all of the world's fact checkers to verify this story

The fact checker who does this will be famous!

Not only will they verify this facility, but I think from my survey I'll have many more examples to fact check to show this is the norm and not a fluke.

I will document the fact checker's assurance that when the facts are verified that I was telling the truth, they will actually run the story and not kill it.

Maybe this will be the first time that a fact checker was able to verify evidence that the vaccines are killing more people than they save?

Fact checkers can reach out to me at the [Contact me link](#) and I'll get right back to you!

But let's not stop there.... let's give these fact checkers even MORE data to explain away!



Do you know whether the death rates in your local nursing home went up or down after the vaccine? If you do, then...

»» **Please fill out this survey** ««

and let's see if these nursing home anecdotes are a fluke or the norm!

I have a hunch these stories of dramatic increases aren't a fluke, but let's see if I'm right.

I've never had a nursing home that would share this data with me, they all clam up and cite HIPAA compliance as their (completely lame) excuse for not sharing mortality numbers, so I have a suspicion that I'm right.

Have you ever heard of a nursing home touting lower all-cause mortality post-vax? I haven't. Let's see if anyone has:



Steve Kirsch

Los Altos Hills Town Hall Circle • Just now •

...



Does anyone know of a nursing home where the all-cause mortality rate dropped by 10% or more after the COVID vaccines rolled out? I'm looking for success stories.
Thanks!

Be the first to react



Like



Comment



Share



Add a comment...

72

If Nextdoor bans my post, that would be telling, wouldn't it?

For extra credit, you can vote here too, but **your vote is only counts** if you fill out the formal survey link above (so we can give the source data to the fact checkers for verification):

POLL

What happened to the all-cause mortality rate after the shot was made available at your local nursing home?

Went up by 3X or more

Went up by 2X or more

Went up by 25% or more

Remained about the same; no diff

Dropped by 10% or more

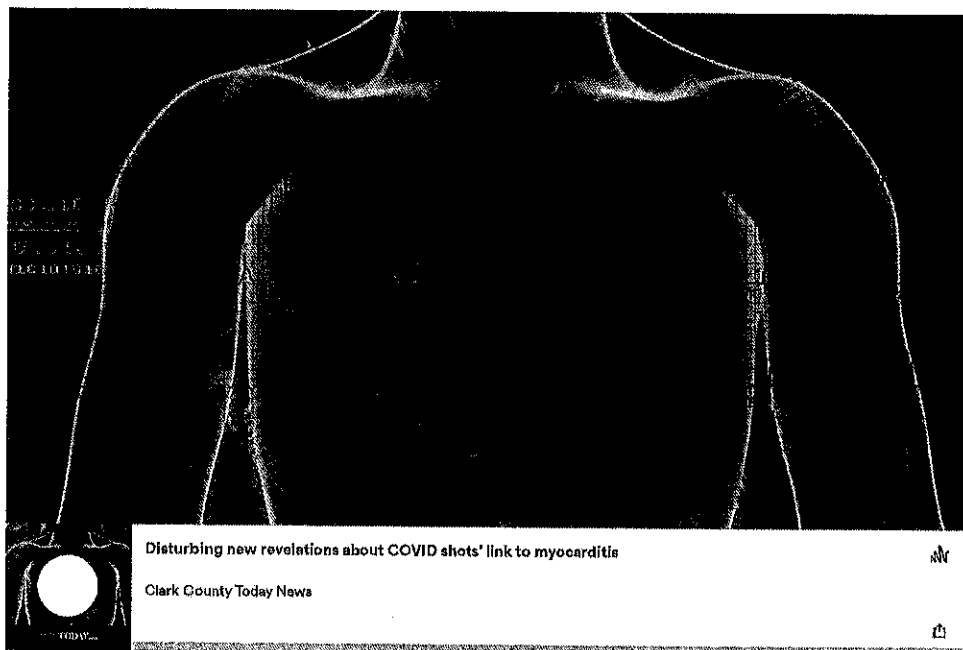
Share

You're currently a free subscriber to Steve Kirsch's newsletter. For the full experience, upgrade your subscription.

Upgrade to paid

73

Disturbing new revelations about COVID shots' link to myocarditis



Study subjects 'had markedly elevated levels of full-length spike protein'

WND News Center (<https://www.wnd.com/2023/01/new-claims-covid-shots-link-myocarditis-unveiled/>)

Hundreds of young people have died after getting the experimental COVID shots, and now a report reveals research at Harvard Med suggests an eyebrow-raising reason.

It could be that the spike antigen in the shot itself could be a trigger for myocarditis, which can be fatal.

A report from Just the News (<https://justthenews.com/politics-policy/coronavirus/dont-read-saving-case-site-dies-again>) explains that, "Fact-checkers and Big Tech lost another round with purported COVID-19 misinformation this week, when an American Heart Association journal published research suggesting the spike protein used in mRNA vaccines can harm some people."

The report explained it was a peer-reviewed study in *Circulation* that looked at the cases of 16 adolescents and young adults hospitalized in Massachusetts with the heart ailment after getting vaxxed.

"All had 'markedly elevated levels of full-length spike protein' in their blood,' unbounded by antibodies," the study found. ¹

Explained Just the News, "The findings call into doubt the default response of tech platforms and media organizations when dissenting scientists question the safety of the spike protein." ³

Those making suggestions about the link have faced backlash.

74

The report said mRNA vaccine pioneer Robert Malone, now a critic, had his LinkedIn page shut down "when he mentioned the spike in the context of heart inflammation reports among young men."

And, the report said, Reuters and PolitiFact have claimed to have "fact-checked" him for his statements about the spike, which PolitiFact claimed is "harmless."

And months back, Twitter complained of suggestions by Kevin McKernan, manager of MIT's research work for the Human Genome Project, when he said the spike protein is a "super-antigen" that "potent toxicity."

Swedish researchers also had raised questions.

Just the News explained, "The Circulation study has been shared by COVID vaccine skeptics, including British cardiologist Aseem Malhotra, who told Just the News last fall he first faced social media censorship after turning on mRNA products. Malhotra now calls them 'one of the worst pharmaceutical interventions in the history of medicine.'"

The new paper said whether the spike protein in the mRNA products forced on people was "pathogenic" isn't clear, but its links to myocarditis are "notable."

The Just the News report said, "The authors say the study shouldn't be taken as evidence that COVID vaccination is generally harmful."

But the report said the Circulation results came out just a day after Harvard Med promoted the FDA's call for Americans regardless of risk level to get so-called bivalent boosters after completing their primary series or monovalent booster. That would mean a minimum three spike exposures for children as young as six months."

ALSO READ:

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/disturbing-new-revelations-about-covid-shots-link-to-myocarditis/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/disturbing-new-revelations-about-covid-shots-link-to-myocarditis/)

[Disturbing new revelations about COVID shots' link to myocarditis](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/disturbing-new-revelations-about-covid-shots-link-to-myocarditis/)

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/disturbing-new-revelations-about-covid-shots-link-to-myocarditis/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/disturbing-new-revelations-about-covid-shots-link-to-myocarditis/)

Hundreds of young people have died after getting the experimental COVID shots, and now a report reveals research at Harvard Med suggests an eyebrow-raising reason.

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/emails-show-washington-officials-discussed-covid-breakthrough-cases-amid-vaccine-push/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/emails-show-washington-officials-discussed-covid-breakthrough-cases-amid-vaccine-push/)

[Emails show Washington officials discussed COVID breakthrough cases amid vaccine push](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/emails-show-washington-officials-discussed-covid-breakthrough-cases-amid-vaccine-push/)

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/emails-show-washington-officials-discussed-covid-breakthrough-cases-amid-vaccine-push/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/emails-show-washington-officials-discussed-covid-breakthrough-cases-amid-vaccine-push/)

Among the information received was a July 16, 2021 email chain among King County health officials detailing worries about breakthrough cases.

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/big-list-of-10-ways-fbi-white-house-pushed-big-tech-to-censor-americans/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/big-list-of-10-ways-fbi-white-house-pushed-big-tech-to-censor-americans/)

[Big List of 10 ways FBI, White House pushed Big Tech to censor Americans](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/big-list-of-10-ways-fbi-white-house-pushed-big-tech-to-censor-americans/)

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/big-list-of-10-ways-fbi-white-house-pushed-big-tech-to-censor-americans/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/big-list-of-10-ways-fbi-white-house-pushed-big-tech-to-censor-americans/)

A popular news site, Just the News, has assembled a Big List of the "ten major revelations" in how the FBI, and the White House, demanded that Big Tech censor Americans commenting on everything from the election to health-care issues.

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/washington-lawmakers-to-take-another-crack-at-emergency-powers-reform-next-session/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/washington-lawmakers-to-take-another-crack-at-emergency-powers-reform-next-session/)

[Washington lawmakers to take another crack at emergency powers reform next session](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/washington-lawmakers-to-take-another-crack-at-emergency-powers-reform-next-session/)

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/washington-lawmakers-to-take-another-crack-at-emergency-powers-reform-next-session/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/washington-lawmakers-to-take-another-crack-at-emergency-powers-reform-next-session/)

Sen. Lynda Willson is cosponsor of Senate Bill 5063; the legislation is known as the Bipartisan Approach to Legislative Authority Necessary In Continuing Emergencies.

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/biden-admin-enraged-more-americans-werent-censored-over-covid/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/biden-admin-enraged-more-americans-werent-censored-over-covid/)

Biden admin enraged MORE Americans weren't censored over COVID

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/biden-admin-enraged-more-americans-werent-censored-over-covid/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/biden-admin-enraged-more-americans-werent-censored-over-covid/)

Social media showed more interest in moderation than government did in free speech.

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/military-vaccine-mandate-overturned-but-unvaxxed-troops-could-still-be-booted/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/military-vaccine-mandate-overturned-but-unvaxxed-troops-could-still-be-booted/)

Military vaccine mandate overturned, but unvaxxed troops could still be booted

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/military-vaccine-mandate-overturned-but-unvaxxed-troops-could-still-be-booted/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/military-vaccine-mandate-overturned-but-unvaxxed-troops-could-still-be-booted/)

While the Biden administration has officially reversed the military COVID-19 vaccination mandate, servicemembers who escaped discharge for refusing the vaccine still risk retaliation and could be booted anyway, experts told the Daily Caller News Foundation.

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/top-doc-flips-stance-on-covid-vax-after-suffering-severe-harm/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/top-doc-flips-stance-on-covid-vax-after-suffering-severe-harm/)

Top doc flips stance on COVID vax after suffering severe harm

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/top-doc-flips-stance-on-covid-vax-after-suffering-severe-harm/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/news/top-doc-flips-stance-on-covid-vax-after-suffering-severe-harm/)

A prominent physician in Australia – formerly president of the Australian Medical Association and a member of Parliament – has delivered explosive testimony to Parliament, declaring that she and her wife both have been seriously harmed by the COVID-19 vaccines.

[\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/opinion/opinion-gov-inslee-speaks-about-his-vaccine-mandate/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/opinion/opinion-gov-inslee-speaks-about-his-vaccine-mandate/)

Opinion: Gov. Inslee speaks about his vaccine mandate [\(https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/opinion/opinion-gov-inslee-speaks-about-his-vaccine-mandate/\)](https://www.clarkcountytoday.com/opinion/opinion-gov-inslee-speaks-about-his-vaccine-mandate/)

Elizabeth Hovde of the Washington Policy Center shares that the governor's dealings with COVID-19 seem more political than about public health.

[\(https://thewatersoftenerco.com/\)](https://thewatersoftenerco.com/)

76

The Columbian

Subscribe

Today's Paper

Auditor finds errors in city of Vancouver's accounts

Updated 7 hours ago **Trending**

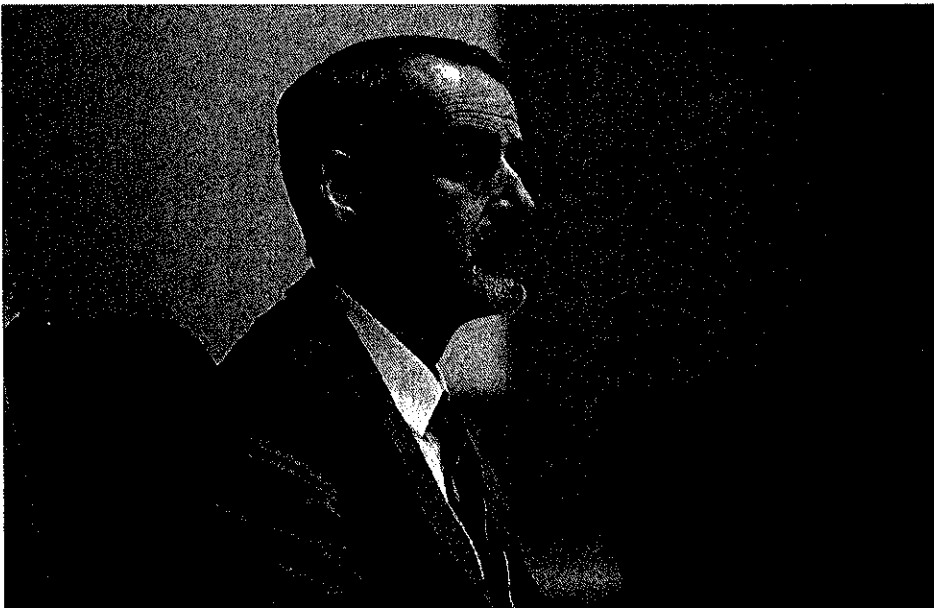
High staff turnover, pandemic cited for mistakes in 2021

By Lauren Ellenbecker, Columbian staff writer

Published: January 8, 2023, 6:03am

Updated: January 9, 2023, 7:36am

Share:



Stay up to date with the latest Clark County stories sent to your inbox every week. Sign up for Columbian newsletters today. ✕

77

The agency also found the city transferred \$117,596 from its American Rescue Plan Act Fund to cover general payroll costs for COVID-19 leave, which was taken out before the fund's specified timeline for eligible use, March 3, 2021.

Other statements contained errors and omissions that the auditor classified as "individually insignificant," but, in its entirety, impaired a financial report's understandability.

The auditor recommended that the city's accountants dedicate "sufficient time and resources to preparing and reviewing" documents moving forward, which the city agreed to improve, according to the report.

Holmes said the city's accounting team is now more established and has satisfied the auditor's recommendations.

He compared the city's high staff turnover as being consistent with a nationwide labor force shortage, particularly in the financial professional sector. The U.S. Chamber of Commerce reported in August 2021 that the country was experiencing a record low labor force since 2000.

Within the city's accounting department, some staff members had worked for the city for decades and decided to retire, Holmes said, whereas others decided to pursue other career opportunities.

"And during a pandemic and a declared emergency, it was kind of a perfect storm," he said.

RELATED STORIES

Application process opens for Vancouver traffic calming projects

Clark County News January 6, 2023

Camden: 2022's good, bad and ugly

Columns January 4, 2023

Vancouver's first Safe Stay Community turns 1

Clark County News January 2, 2023

Flooding a growing problem in Seattle's South Park neighborhood

Northwest January 2, 2023



Seattle celebrity CEO Dan Price's rise and fall at Gravity Payments

Business January 2, 2023

Trump's tax returns released after long fight with Congress

Latest News December 30, 2022

\$1,650,000
WASHOUGAL, WA
Listing courtesy of Pamela Seekins

\$95,000
VANCOUVER, WA
Listing courtesy of Ellen Hartzell

Featured Realtor



ALYSSA CURRAN

(801) 372-1844

Cascade Hasson Sotheby's International Realty

T A G S

Vancouver

Vancouver City Council



Lauren Ellenbecker

Columbian staff writer

[@slayerofshams](#)

(360) 735-4558

lauren.ellenbecker@columbian.com

Stay up to date with the latest Clark County stories sent to your inbox every week. Sign up for Columbian newsletters today. ✕

80

January 9, 2023
a Monday

77 pages submitted by
Kimberlee Elbon